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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
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THE GOOD-BYE KISS AT THE DOOR.

Her eyes were illumed with a glance of pride
And her heart was love aglow,
As she softly tripped to her husband's side
When he opened the door to go.
And there in her morning wrapper trim,
While a smile her red lips wore,
She stood on the steps and gave to him
A good-bye kiss at the door.

She turns to her duties with cheerful heart,
For she has not now to learn
That the wife and husband must often part
When the daily bread's to earn;
And there's peace and joy in her gentle breast
As she sews or sweeps the floor,
And every task is essayed with zest
For the good-bye kiss at the door.

And the husband striving in life's rough race,
Where there's little time for play,
Has many a glimpse of her smiling face
In his mind through the busy day.
And his look is tender, his eyes are bright
As he cons his ledger o'er,
For he thinks of the welcome that waits at night,
And the good-bye kiss at the door.

O wives and husbands, the world is bright
When the heart with love doth glow,
And its path is smooth and its burden light,
If you're willing to make them so.
And the sun will shine through the darkest day
And scatter the clouds that lower,
And the roses bloom along life's way
For the good-bye kiss at the door.
—Pearson's Weekly.

The Fate of Magruder.

BY CLARENCE PULLEN.

"This is a bad piece of business. First our dog killed, then our mule. What next?" said my partner, Bill Magruder.

He and I stood looking ruefully at our pack-mule, Andy, lying dead on the open grassy space in which our cabin stood.

The mule had been feeding quietly about his picket-pin in the morning, when we started out to visit our traps, and the picket-pin was driven beneath the great sycamore in front of the cabin. Now we had come back at night to find Andy killed, his throat torn, his haunch partly devoured by some beast of prey. Deep claw-marks were on his back and shoulders; his neck had been broken at its jointure with the spine by a terrible bite.

The loss of the mule was a serious one to us, Magruder and I, an ex-army scout, had been with General Crook in his campaign against the Tonto Apaches of Arizona, and so we had found out the natural advantages of the sheltered Tonto Basin with its extensive timber forests, numerous streams and soft, equable climate.

Now that this vast valley was clear of Apaches, Magruder and I had entered it in September, built a permanent campon Tonto Creek near the foot of the Mogollon mesa, and prepared to pass the autumn and winter there, hunting and trapping.

In the middle of October we had our lines of traps out and were getting a fair amount of fur, when our first stroke of bad luck came—our dog, Hector, had been carried away. He had been useful in our hunting, and we had relied on him to give us timely notice of any person or dangerous beast that should approach the camp.

Hector's disappearance had not seemed mysterious. One dark night he ran out of the cabin with a growl—the mule had previously been uneasy. Half waking, I heard the dog bark loudly. Then I heard a growl, deeper and more savage than any dog could give, mingling with one shriek and strangled moan from Hector.

Magruder and I jumped to our feet, caught up our rifles, and threw open the door. The mule was snorting and stamping with fear at the end of his picket-rope, but of the dog there was no sight or sound. We heard some large, soft-footed animal bounding away in the darkness in long leaps. We made no doubt it was a mountain-lion, although rain later in the night blotted out all tracks.

A week went by and here was our mule killed probably by the same creature that killed Hector. It could not be a grizzly, for there were no tracks to be seen such as a bear's great feet and protruding claws would have made. We decided that the mule, too, had been killed by a mountain-lion—a lion of uncommon size and strength, else it could not so easily have carried off a large dog and killed a powerful mule.

"Hunt the varmint down!" I said, in answer to Magruder, as we stood by the dead mule. "I'm afraid we can't do much at that without dogs."

"Well, it is rather late to be going after him now. He's got everything we had to lose—unless he comes for one of us next time." My partner spoke with seriousness so unusual in him that I looked hard at him, and then he laughed the thing away and mentioned no other foreboding.

That night we had made our preparations to receive the lion if he came back to the dead mule. We took turns in watching, but no lion came. So we dragged the festering carcass away from the camp the next day, and left it to the wolves and foxes.

Magruder, usually one of the cheerliest and most indomitable of men, was evidently greatly disheartened by our bad luck; and he even proposed that we pull up stakes forthwith, and go back to white settlements.

But I said, "We're here, Bill, and we're doing well. We're trapping lots of fur, and we can kill all the meat we want to eat. It will be no more of a tramp to foot it out to the settlements next spring than to do it now. Let's try it a month or two longer, anyway. We can catch our furs when we go, and come back for them afterward with an outfit of pack-mules."

"All right," he said. "Stay it is."

As the week wore on, Magruder's depression seemed to vanish, and he resumed his old-time cheerfulness. But one night in camp, just as I was dropping off to sleep, Magruder started and said to me, "Do you hear that sound?"

I listened. Presently from somewhere up the canyon side came a wailing, deep-throated cry, which was repeated at intervals.

"Yes, I hear it," I said. "It's a mountain-lion—if it isn't an owl. Pity we haven't another mule for him to chew up!"

"It's a different note from a lion's cry," said Magruder. "The beast that's making that sound is the one that killed our dog and mule.

"Something has just come into my mind that the Apache scouts told me once," he continued. "It's about jaguars. They said that these animals sometimes wander up into Arizona from Sonora, and when they do, they always come to the Tonto Basin. The forests and climate here suit them, I suppose. The Indians are superstitious about these beasts. They say they are always man-eaters."

"All right; jaguar or lion, I'd like a fair shot at him, "I remarked, and settled myself again to my slumbers. But before I went quite to sleep I heard my partner moving restlessly in his blankets and muttering.

He was in good spirits the next morning when we started out to make the round of our traps. It was one of those exquisite autumn days which, in the higher levels of Arizona, open with frost and are sunny and warm at noon. We separated at the forks of the creek, Magurder taking the south and I the north branch.

I had the longer route, and I found two minks and an otter to skin; so when I got back to the forks, near the end of the day, Magurder had bent some twigs in the direction of the camp to show me that he had gone on down the creek toward the camp. I went on, following the route he had taken.

Presently, in a place where the ground was soft, I came upon Magruder's tracks and something more. A line of tracks followed Magruder's; they resembled the tracks of a mountain-lion, and the breadth and depth of the imprints showed the creature to be of uncommon size. Step by step it had crept along, cat-fashion, until it had crossed a marshy place in two or three enormous bounds, when it had resumed its stealthy gait.

I had got to hard ground, where the tracks were faint, when I caught sight of a man in Mexican costume crossing the valley a short distance ahead of me. It was Jose Bonifacio, a Mexican Indian who had served as scout and trailer in Indian campaigns with me, and he recognized me. I motioned for him to come to me, and showed him the tracks in the soft ground. He examined them carefully. This man was not to be easily frightened, but there was something like fear in his face as he spoke in his broken English.

"You go 'way," he said. "Go 'way from Tonto. No leon make them tracks. You know what?" His voice lowered, and he put his hand on my arm, looking around as if fearful of being overheard. "I know that fellow heap in Sonora. He very bad. El diablo, we call him. He follow that man all day, never touch him. When dark come, he kill him. That man your partner? You hurry 'long find him. Then you two stay together. Go 'way!" his voice sinking into a whisper. "Go 'way, quick!"

"What do you mean, Bonifacio?" I asked, impressed by the seriousness of his manner. "Do you mean to tell me that these are not a mountain-lion's tracks?"

The half-breed had the savage's common superstition against pronouncing the name of a creature that is greatly feared, lest it overhear and avenge the familiarity.

"He no leon," he said. "Leon kill deer, calf, sheep—but the man he run from. This fellow," here his voice fell again to a whisper, "he kill man. You hurry 'long, find Bill." Then warningly again, "Go 'way from Tonto! Go quick!"

He started on his way over the hills. "Come down to the cabin and spend the night," I said; but the half-breed shook his head.

The shadows of night were falling as I hurried down the valley. After what Bonifacio had said, I was naturally anxious about Magruder, although I knew he had plenty of time to get to the camp before dark. Moreover, my partner was well-armed and little likely to be caught off his guard by an enemy, man or beast.

I came into the open space before the camp in the last light from the western sky. Before me the sycamore, with half its leaves still upon it, towered above the shadow beneath its wide-spreading branches. The cabin door was open, so Magruder had returned. But where was he? Ah! What is that under the sycamore, lying outstretched and still in the deepest shadow? Certainly the form of a man, and he lay as lie the dead.

I cocked my rifle and looked around me. Nothing threatened from the ground. I gazed into the tree, but could detect there nothing unusual or suspicious. Slowly I walked toward the outstretched form until I came to the edge of the shadow beneath the sycamore.

There I paused at a slight sound that came from among the branches—a soft, brushing flip-flip, flip-flip. It came from a great forked branch that overhung the path. Now that my attention was drawn to this limb, I thought it looked unusual near the fork. There it seemed to be much thicker than elsewhere in its length; but looking closely, I could see nothing that indicated danger.

"It is nothing," I said to myself, and made another step forward.

Then I saw it! The formless thickness of the bough all at once shaped itself to my eyes in its true appearance—the bough and the thing upon it. I saw two phosphorescent spots, not easily to be discerned among the yellow leaves. I saw these were living eyes in a huge, catlike head resting upon the forks of the branch. Behind flattened upon the bough, so that it seemed a part of it, was a long body whose mottled colors merged in those of the spotted bark and the leaves and their shadows. The soft flip-flipping noise was the curling in and out of the tip of a supple tail among the leaves. The beast that had killed my partner was waiting for me.

There was not a moment to lose. As I threw my rifle-breech to my shoulder I saw the great head lift, the ears draw sharply back, the phosphorescent eyes redden to burning flame. Twice I fired, first at the shoulder, then, without aiming, at the living thunderbolt that came through the air upon me, crushing me to the earth. A frightful growl filled my ears as something bit and tore me—the rest was darkness.

I came to my senses lying on my back on the ground in the coolness of the autumn night. Through the leafy branches overhead the moon and stars were shining. My rifle was clutched in my hand as I lifted my head and looked around, not realizing at first where I was or what had happened.

It all came back to me as I gazed upon the form of a savage beauty, the splendid markings in black and yellow of the jaguar that lay near me. Just beyond the beast I saw the form of my partner, his white face upturned to the moon.

You can see the scars made by the jaguar's five claws down the side of my face, and there are other marks of his claws on my arm and chest. I have not been able to lift my left hand to the top of my head since he crushed my shoulder that night—and these wounds he gave me in his dying struggle, after my second shot had pierced his brain. If Bonifacio had not come in time I should have been lying under the sycamore now with Magruder.—Youth's Companion.

THIS IS A MAN'S METHOD.

His Way of Making a Carpet Bargain While His Wife Was Away.

"I want both my upper and lower halls recarpeted," was the remark Charles J. Jones of East Walnut Hills made to a well known carpetman. "And I'm going to move out of the house until you finish the work! I'll leave the choice and color to you! My wife is out of town, you see, and I want to surprise her upon her return. There is only one condition to this bargain. I must ask you, as we are all friends, to give me a small figure in the carpet."

"All right!" said the carpetman.

And Charles Jones stayed away from home for two days, while the carpetman's hirelings banged away with their hammers, and he hugged himself as he thought of the surprise that was in store for his wife when she returned. Last Thursday the carpetman called Jones up by telephone and announced that the carpet was laid.

"It's a dark green!" said the carpetman.

"I'm glad of that!" answered Jones.

That evening he visited his home and was satisfied that the carpet was a peach. The next morning he met the carpetman.

"How much do I owe you?" inquired Jones.

"It is $98.65," said the carpet dealer.

"What!" yelled Jones. "Where's the small figure you and I agreed on?"

"Why, on th' border of th' carpet," said the amazed dealer. "It's a mornin' glory vine with pink an' white flowers! You've got a bargain at that figure!"—Philadelphia Inquirer.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

A Milwaukee florist thinks he has succeeded in producing green carnations by the use of chemicals while the plants are growing.

A number of living specimens of the curious blind fish from the Kentucky caves have been deposited in the fish house of the London Zoological gardens.

Fine jewels are registered, like fine dogs. Their history, or pedigree, can be got at the registry office, with their description, value, owner and so forth, all detailed very accurately. The registry tends to prevent stealing.

British Guiana has a cannon-ball tree that grows to a height of 100 feet, its straight, unbranching stem being only 18 inches thick. When the cannon balls are ready to drop the tree is avoided as a battery might be that was about to engage in a bombardment.

There are few bearded men in China. Men who have grandchildren may wear a mustache, and many take advantage of the privilege and are called "old hair men." The foreigners with mustaches, when they came to China excited much curiosity, and the unusual sight justified them in asking the ages of the bearded men.

A few days ago Upper Sandusky, Ohio, was visited with an immense swarm of flying ants, which had the effect of compelling merchants in certain districts to discontinue business. The merchants had no time to prepare for the onslaught, and had trouble to get the insects from their stores that they might be closed. The ants were supplied with long, transparent wings, and only remained for a couple of hours.

Among the curiosities in deeds attention is called to one in Belfast, which gives the course and distance "to a hole in the roof of the shed of the blacksmith shop." This, H. P. Farrow, the Belfast Me. civil engineer, says, should be considered an "indestructible monument," as the hole still remains, although the shed was burned many years ago. Another queer deed is of a shipyard in Rockport, and one course is described as "in line with the bow of two vessels now building at said shipyard."

The Usual Way.

Askit—Who is the fellow who is so energetic in discoursing on Jigsby's faults?

Tellit—That's his bosom friend, of course.—Baltimore American.

THE SOUTH WANTS SHIPS

BUSINESS MEN FAVOR NATIONAL AID TO MERCHANT MARINE.

The Situation Viewed Through Southern Eyes — Ante and Post-Bellum Sentiment in Favor of the Restoration of Our Ships to the Seas.

The rapid growth of manufacturing in the South and its beneficial effect upon other industries are arousing in the minds of the people new thoughts and hopes for the future of their great section of the Union. One of the most reliable authorities on Southern progress and development is R. H. Edmonds, the well-known Baltimore publisher, who keeps in constant personal touch with the up-to-date sentiment of the leading manufacturers, bankers and influential men of the South. It is his repeated declaration, and as a result of his own observations, that the Southern business men are almost a unit in favor of national aid in the re-establishment of our ships upon the seas. He finds the sentiment among men representatives of Southern industrial and commercial progress quite at variance with that disclosed by their Representatives and Senators in Congress. The latter seem to represent a theoretical opposition to the utilization of modern methods for the advancement of industrial prosperity that has kept back Southern development for fully a generation.

In the foreign trade of the United States, as conducted between Southern and foreign ports, one of the rarest sights is the American flag floating from the sterns of the ships conducting that trade. That the demand has grown in the South for national legislation for the upbuilding of our merchant marine seems to Mr. Edmonds to be logical. He sees in the realization of the growing hopes of his people in this respect much of permanent benefit to the section he represents. He has made an especial study of ante-bellum sentiment on the subject of American maritime development, and was surprised to find that, as far back as sixty years ago, the sentiment in favor of safeguarding and promoting our merchant marine commanded the thoughtful attention of the most advanced of Southern statesmen and business men.

In an address before the Cotton Spinners' Association at Charlotte, N. C., recently, Mr. Edmonds stated that in 1845 John C. Calhoun presided at a convention in Memphis, at which the subject was discussed. In 1851 a report was made at a Virginia convention in favor of facilitating the mails through the establishment of steamship lines running between Hampton Roads and European ports. Another convention in Memphis, held in 1853, favored Government encouragement and protection in the establishment of steamship lines between Southern and European ports. The Charleston convention of 1854 urged Congress to encourage the establishment of mail steamships, even to the extent of granting State bounties in the form of rebates to shippers employing American vessels. In 1856 Louisiana's Legislature passed an act paying $5 per ton bounty on all ships exceeding 100 tons burden built in the State. A report made to the Legislature of Alabama as far back as 1838 showed that her citizens contributed $1,800,000 a year to get their cotton to Europe, and contained the query, "If this amount must be paid, why should it not be paid to our own citizens?" No wonder a score of years later Alabama's Legislature passed an act granting a bounty of $4 per ton on all steamers built within that State.

At Charleston, in 1839, Robert Y. Hayne discussed the subject before a commercial convention held in that city, in which he said that Southern and Southwestern States were producing nearly three-quarters of the domestic exports of the Union, although importing not to exceed one-tenth of the foreign merchandise entering the United States, and that foreign commerce was "causing cities of other States to flourish while Southern cities were falling into decay." Lieut. M. F. Maury, famous for his invaluable aids to mariners upon the oceans, was impressed with the immense benefits Southern States would derive from the establishment of steamship lines between Southern and European ports. For many years he urged the investment of Southern capital in such lines, showing the great and growing power her rich foreign commerce was giving to New York and deploring the fact that the South was missing its opportunities to share therein. He saw for Norfolk, Virginia, possibilities of development which have never been realized, but which it seems possible are likely of fulfillment through the growing scarcity of **European coal and the** inevitable **dependence of the** world in the future for the greater part of its coal supplies upon the United States.

In our trade with other American republics Maury saw advantages even greater than those possible through our commercial intercourse with Europe, and he was never done urging upon the people of the South the wisdom of generously encouraging American maritime development through the establishment of steamship lines to the West Indies, Central and South America. He advocated a ship canal across the American Isthmus and predicted enormously beneficial results to our trade and shipping to follow.

Away back in 1858 the Assembly of Virginia incorporated a $50,000,000 steamship line under the name of the Atlantic Steam Ferry Company, but which failed to carry out its designs because of the sectional differences between the North and South. The scheme involved the immediate construction of four ships of the Great Eastern class, to regularly run between Southern and European ports. Their great value as auxiliaries to our military sources were then clearly pointed out, as well as their usefulness as **nurseries for American seamen who** would be ready to respond to their country's call if needed.

No wonder, in these circumstances, Mr. Edmonds in his speech made it very clear that the revival of our foreign-going shipping is not a sectional or partisan question, but is a purely industrial, commercial and auxiliary navy question. He said: "Originating, as the South is already doing, about $400,000,000 worth of foreign exports a year, shipped almost exclusively in vessels that fly the British, German and other foreign flags, the South may well be deeply concerned in the upbuilding of a merchant marine because of the magnitude of its present export trade."

This trade he expected would rapidly multiply, and he predicted a cotton crop in the not distant future of 100,000,000 bales.

It is not surprising to find that both of the great political armies are now vying with each other in their espousal of an American Merchant Marine. That the representative men in both parties have formally and finally rejected the suggestion of "free ships"—which means the purchase of British instead of American built ships for our maritime needs—may be taken as an indication of both the conservatism and progressiveness which augurs well for early effective and permanent legislation in behalf of our too long neglected shipping upon the seas. It is this unanimity of sentiment that is converging upon a demand for such legislation that will have become so insistent and imperative as to compel such legislation at the next session of Congress.

M'KINLEY IN NEW YORK.

A Brooklyn Editor Expects Him to Carry State by 300,000 Plurality.

To start with I think the re-election of McKinley is as certain as any event can be that is yet in the future. Of course, the wish is father to the thought, a condition present, I take it, in the mind of every earnest Republican. The very fixedness of that belief is, I am aware, a handicap, if I may put it so, to the purpose I have in mind, of stating the facts about the Presidential situation in this city and State with judicial impartiality.

I have besides my newspaper connections and as an employer of many men who work for a living in various walks of life from factory to office, some other means of getting at the sentiment of my fellow voters. I have been President of the Union League Club, and of the Oxford Club, one a Republican social and the other a purely social organization, both thoroughly representative of Brooklyn citizenship in its best estate. I am a member of many other clubs, including the Brooklyn Club, which, while not professedly Democratic, is a home for most of the so-called silk-stocking element of that party. If I say that among all the men with whom I come in contact either in a business or social way the feeling in favor of McKinley is stronger now than it was four years ago, I but report the exact truth as it appears to me. This county of Kings forms the borough of Brooklyn of the city of New York, and contains about a million and a quarter of population. It is normally Democratic by about 15,000 majority. McKinley carried it in 1896 by 32,253 plurality and the State of New York by 268,325 plurality. The gold Democratic vote in Kings County was 3709. If a conservative man like ex-Supreme Court Justice Van Wyck, of this county, is nominated for Vice-President at Kansas City and the Chicago platform modified so as to assure the dropping of the 16 to 1 issue, it may make a difference of 10,000 votes in this county in favor of the Democratic Presidential ticket, but not more. In the event of an out-and-out Bryanite being named for Vice-President or a re-affirmed Chicago platform, New York State will, in my judgment, give McKinley over three hundred thousand plurality and Kings County's quota will not fall far short of 40,000 votes.—William Berri, in Brooklyn Daily Standard Union.

Cuban Postal Affairs.

Recent developments in the Cuban postoffice troubles show that the retrenchments made by Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General Bristow were imperatively demanded by Postmaster-General Smith some months ago, when he ordered that a system of reform should be immediately commenced in order that the expenses might then be reduced. President McKinley had ordered both the Director-General of Posts and the Governor-General of Cuba to obtain the approval of the Postmaster-General upon all requisitions which showed a deficiency in postal management there. While reports have been made monthly to the Governor-General, not a single report ever reached Postmaster-General Smith, so in January last he began to investigate matters on his own account, finding that the expenditures were far in excess of the receipts. He then ordered retrenchment, but was not obeyed.

Croker and Wealth.

Mr. Croker grows quite effusive in his discussion of the aggression of wealth. This is the same Mr. Croker whose son recently purchased a $4000 bull pup.

Mythical.

A secret alliance with England has been nicely arranged in the minds of the Democratic orators—for campaign purposes only.

Lentz and Sulzer Politics.

Encouragement for lawlessness frequently comes home for roosting purposes. The Democratic politicians who have been encouraging rioting in Idaho and St. Louis may realize this fact.

Will Soon Be Republican.

The completion of another line of railroad to the South marks another step in the march of prosperity. The South is emerging from the calamity fog, despite her politicians.

For Clark's Benefit.

The Supreme Court has decided that a public office is not property. The Hon. W. A. Clark should heed this before making any further investments in Montana.

He Sees His Finish.

Jerry Simpson, who has had considerable experience in the art of getting out from under shaky things, has just retired from Populist journalism.

England's Oldest Actor.

England's oldest actor, James Doel, has just passed another birthday, his 97th, and is still hearty, although he has retired from the management of the inn of which he was landlord until a few months ago. He made his first appearance upon the stage of the Plymouth theater in "The Turnpike Gate" when Queen Victoria was little more than a baby. He says that he remembers seeing the first Napoleon as a prisoner on the Bellerophon.

THE TIN PLATE INDUSTRY

M'KINLEY'S MEASURE SAVES $100,000,000 TO THE UNITED STATES.

We Are No Longer at the Mercy of the Welsh Trust Which Was Independent of Our Laws and Contributed Nothing to Our Revenue.

"The manufacture of tin plate in the United States was created by the McKinley tariff of 1890, the particular section relating to tin and tin plate going into effect on July 1, 1891," said General Dick, Secretary of the Republican National Committee.

"From that date until the end of 1899 we have produced in this country 1,404,552 tons of an article for which there is a great demand here and which both our late President, Mr. Cleveland, and the Democratic prospective President, Mr. Bryan, declared could never be made in the United States.

"Under the McKinley tariff of 2.2 cents per pound, our tin plate industry thrived. It was permitted to exist under the Wilson bill, with a duty of 1.2 cents per pound, but it would not have lived under the Wilson bill had not manufacturers been enabled to run their plants at a lower cost, partly due to the cheapness of wages, and partly due to the cheapness of raw material, both conditions of cheapness being products of the Democratic free-trade tariff.

"Stimulated again by the Dingley protective tariff, the tin plate industry now gives employment to thousands of workers at wages much higher even than those paid under the McKinley tariff of 1890. Consumers, moreover, are buying their tin plate at much lower prices than before the enactment of the McKinley law.

"Immediately preceding the establishment of this industry in 1891, we paid to the Welsh manufacturers almost $26,000,000 for their tin plate. Our average imports had been at the rate of $20,000,000 a year. Last year we imported less than $4,000,000 worth, so that there has been saved to this country upward of $100,000,000 at least through the establishment of the tin plate industry.

"Objection is made by our Democratic friends to the tin plate industry because there has been an advance in its price in the last two years. But this advance has been less than the average advance of iron and steel articles, and it is fully in harmony with advances in the cost of raw materials, and with the advance in the price of tin plate in Wales.

"Another objection made by the Democrats to the tin plate industry is that it is now controlled by a trust, but they never made any objection to the control of our market by the British Tin Plate Trust before the establishment of our own industry.

"The tin plate trade in Wales is regulated by the manufacturers, and every pound of their product is sold through one selling agent, no matter to what part of the world it may be shipped. There was no getting away from the prices that the Tin Plate Trust wanted to charge. They exported from us whatever products they saw fit, and the Democratic party fought tooth and nail when the Republicans attempted to divert the profits of this business into our own channels.

"Admitting that there is a Tin Plate Trust, is it still not better that our requirements should be filled by a trust in this country, rather than by a trust in Wales? The American trust is subject to American laws. It pays American taxes. The British trust is not subject to our laws, and contributes not one cent to our system of taxation or revenue.

"Another reason why, it seems to me, an American Tin Plate Trust is better than a Welsh Tin Plate Trust is because the American institution has built factories here, has created a demand for building material and building machinery. The Welsh Tin Plate Trust buys its building material and machinery in England. Still another, and the most important reason why the American Tin Plate Trust is more advantageous to us than the Welsh Tin Plate Trust is because the American concern employs thousands and thousands of men here, paying them among the highest rates of wages that are received by any wage earners in this country. The Welsh Tin Plate Trust, on the other hand, employs English labor, paying low wages, which are spent in Wales, whereas the earnings of our workmen are spent right here at home, creating a demand for the products of our farms and other factories.

"Naturally the Democrats do not like anything that even suggests prosperity for their country. Mr. Bryan, their leader, is for free trade, and should he be nominated for and elected to the office of President this year, then the American tin plate manufacturers, and the workers in those mills, can rest assured that every effort will be made by the Democratic party to strike a blow at the American tin plate industry, which will divert an annual business of at least $25,000,000 into the pockets of their friends, the English manufacturers and English wage-earners."

He Abhors Interviews.

Ex-Judge W. H. Moore, of Chicago, organizer of half a dozen gigantic steel and iron combinations, has made it an inflexible rule never to allow his utterances to be printed. It was recently reported that he was going to Europe, and a reporter visited him to verify the rumor. But the Chicagoan was as obdurate as ever. "You won't say whether you are going away, Judge?" was asked. "I never talk for publication," was the suave answer. "Can't you tell us anything about the condition of the iron business?" "I do not talk for publication." The reporter had pursued his victim into the elevator, which was slowly descending. Renouncing any ambition for the coveted interview, he said: "A fine day, Judge." "Not for publication," was the instinctive reply.—New York Mail and Express.

College Professors to Judge.

Of the hundred judges selected by the New York University to decide on the names of great Americans who are to be commemorated in the Hall of Fame, a very large majority—nearly all, in fact—are college professors.

CAPE NOME NO KLONDIKE

Hundreds Are Leaving the Region, Regretting Their Experiences.

MANY MURDERS AND SUICIDES.

Little Gold is Obtained—The Disappointment of Investors—Exorbitant Prices Are Asked For Bad Food and Also For Real Estate — Crime is Increasing and Disease is Spreading.

Nome, Alaska, via Seattle, Wash. (Special).—Every steamship arriving from the south and from points on the Yukon comes loaded to its utmost with passengers and freight, while those leaving for Seattle, San Francisco and other ports carry away hundreds of persons who have little or nothing to say in favor of Nome, and who can find no language too severe when criticizing the steamship companies and other concerns and persons who are directly responsible for the remarkable and altogether unjustifiable rush to this place.

Work on the placer mines has been going on for more than six weeks, although at first in a desultory way, owing to the fact that the frost was not well out of the ground, but no new strikes have yet been made, nor has more than a small quantity of gold dust been brought into the camp up to this time.

The highest possible prices for everything has been established and are maintained. In the so-called restaurants, which are usually one-story frame shanties, where one eats off the bare boards, the quality of food, cooking and service are of the coarsest description. The prevailing prices in restaurants now are $1 for three eggs, which are seldom fresh and sometimes uneatable; fifty cents for one cup of tea, bread and butter and a half saucerful of canned pears; $3 for an alleged porterhouse steak and $1 for three pieces of sausages; $1.50 for two small mutton chops. One dollar and a half is also charged for the privilege of spreading one's blankets on the bare floor of a lodging house, and $5 is asked and readily paid for hauling a trunk one mile by a dog train.

In real estate prices also remain at the top notch. Twenty-three thousand dollars is asked for one lot, 25 by 50 feet, in First street, a narrow, dusty thoroughfare, lined on each side for a distance of one mile and a half with one and two-story frame shanties and tents, utilized as saloons and eating houses, restaurants, lawyers' and doctors' offices, grocery shops and a miscellaneous collection of establishments. There is no present indication that the price of real estate will be lowered, and persons arriving here who want locations for the establishment of some kind of business will find that they must either pay unusual rents or go without a location.

Up to this time no serious illness has developed in the camp. The steamship Ohio and the steamship Vananda, from Seattle, which arrived here with smallpox on board, are still in quarantine at Egg Island, near St. Michael's. Several deaths have occurred from typhoid fever and pneumonia.

According to a letter written by F. E. Graves, of San Francisco, a prospector at Cape Nome, there is an average of three or four suicides a day, and murder is an every-day occurrence. Thousands, he says, are cleaning up fortunes in the camp, but many of those who went poorly provided with money and supplies will find graves in the north. He says:

"They are paying stevedores $1 per hour, and everybody can get a job, but of course all are not able to stand that kind of work. Still everything is not prosperity here, by any means. Suicides are occurring at the rate of three or four a day and murders are almost a daily occurrence. There seem to be about 25,000 people here, and Main street is densely crowded. They are panning out gold right along Main street. I am going to return to San Francisco, as I prefer that place."

THROUGH NIAGARA RAPIDS.

Bowser Makes the Trip in His Boat, the "Fool-Killer."

Niagara Falls, N. Y. (Special).—Peter Nissen, of Chicago, has made a trip through the Whirlpool Rapids to the Whirlpool in a small boat twenty feet long, six feet beam and four feet deep. When Nissen came here he gave the name of Bowser, while his boat was named the "Fool-Killer." His trip was wonderfully successful and he has won all the honor such affairs have.

Starting at the Maid of the Mist landing at 3.05 p. m., Browser's boat floated slowly down the river until within a few hundred yards of the rapids, when it was caught in an eddy, which drove it in to shore and necessitated its being towed back to the starting point.

It finally reached the rapids, through which it shot at a tremendous speed, sometimes disappearing for several seconds, only to reappear in a short space of time, which appeared to Bowser hours. It was carried out of the rapids into the whirlpool. After being whirled around the whirlpool for half an hour Bowser was rescued by a line being thrown to him and he was towed in. When on shore he was completely exhausted by his fearful experience.

When interviewed he said his experience was awful. He had a feeling as though hundreds of sledge hammers were beating down upon his head and boat as he passed through the big waves, and he was entirely unconscious of his surroundings when he passed the centre of the rapids.

Filipinos Accepting Amnesty.

The insurgents in the Philippines slowly are accepting the amnesty provisions. In several instances the Americans are suspending operations in order to give the rebels an opportunity to take advantage of the decree.

Buller Arrives in Pretoria.

General Buller arrived in Pretoria and conferred with General Roberts. Eight hundred British prisoners who had been captured in the Orange Free State were released.

Sought to Kill Chinese Pedler.

A crowd of angry German farmers living in and about Niles, Ills, in order to avenge the death of the German Ambassador in China, attempted violence on a Chinese peddler. They chased the man with pitchforks and other agricultural implements, but he escaped into the woods.

Senator Spooner to Retire.

Senator John C. Spooner, of Wisconsin, has announced his decision not to be a candidate for re-election. The announcement was wholly unexpected.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

Washington Items.

General MacArthur notified the President that conditions in the Philippines were such that he could send no men to China.

Rear-Admiral George Cochran, Pay Director of the United States Navy, died at his home, in Philadelphia, from a complication of diseases. He was sixty-one years of age.

A complete hospital outfit has been ordered sent from Manila to China.

The Interstate Commerce Commission made its report for the last fiscal year on railroads, showing increase of mileag and business.

Edward H. Strobel, formerly United States Minister to Chile, has been named by Chile as her counsel before the Washington Arbitration Tribunal.

Rear-Admiral Charles S. Cotton was appointed to command the Norfolk Navy Yard, succeeding Rear-Admiral Barker, who takes the place of the late Admiral Philip at the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

Secretary of War Root is preparing a bill for the reorganization of the regular army even more radical in its nature than the one submitted in the last session.

Henry F. Osborn was appointed paleontologist in the United States Geological Survey, succeeding Professor Othniel C. Marsh.

Our Adopted Islands.

Governor Dole, of Hawaii, has decided that subjects of foreign Powers cannot hold office under the government of the Territory of Hawaii.

Governor-General Wood, of Cuba, has appointed a commission of eleven to manage and superintend all State charities. At present over $14,000,000 is invested in State charities.

During the past week 160 Filipinos were killed on the Island of Luzon and eleven Americans lost their lives.

The new charter of the city of Havana will give greatly increased powers to the recently elected officials.

It is improbable that any special session of the Hawaiian Territorial Legislature will be held.

Domestic.

A pet robin gave the alarm when burglars entered the house of Walter Sigler, at Milberton, N. Y., frightening them off.

F. B. Cossit, founder of La Grange, Ill., committed suicide by shooting. He was eighty years old and was despondent from long illness.

Seven persons were injured in a collision of three trolley cars in New City.

"Will not be separated long," said Lawyer Jacob C. Meinzer beside his wife's new-made grave recently, and as body was found in Brooklyn, N. Y., where he had taken poison.

Francis Truth, who advertised himself as a divine healer, appeared in the United States circuit Court at Boston, pleaded guilty and was fined $2500, which he paid.

George J. Schweinfurth, claimed by his followers to be the true Messiah, was renounced the faith and announced that he will leave one "heaven" at Rockford, Ill., at once.

Lightning shattered the foremast of the United States collier Caesar, at Norfolk, Va.

When it was discovered that Postmaster James Bell, of Gainesville, Fla., was $1700 short in his accounts, he died from grief.

By the sinking of a skiff on Lake Charles, La., Mrs. Amanda Johnson and her son and daughter were drowned.

A locomotive struck a pleasure carriage at Florida, Ind., killing Noah Blickenstaff and three of his children.

While trying to keep her four-year-old stepson from screaming after she had beaten him, Mrs. Rachel Miller choked the child to death, at St. John's, Ohio.

To escape detectives of ten cities, who had all but run him down, Hermann Kurth, accused of swindling, committed suicide at St. Paul, Minn.

General Randall, on his arrival in Alaska, is expected to clear squatters off Government land at Sin Rock.

Six masked burglars wounded the engineer of the Cold Spring Brewery, Lawrence, Mass., cracked the safe and escaped with $500.

Foreign.

General Lord William Seymour, commanding the forces in British North America, left Halifax, N. S., for England, going via New York city.

Carthagena, Colombia, is not only in the throes of revolution, but of starvation.

The panic among the Chinese in the Southern provinces of the empire is completely stopping trade. Most of the native cotton mills are closed.

Another revolution is impending in Venezuela, headed by Dr. Pietrie.

The French Senate and Chamber of Deputies voted a credit of $3,000,000 additional for the crisis in China.

Six hundred Afridis made a sudden night descent on two hundred Afghans who were engaged in building a fort near Dacca, and killed a number of them.

The steamer Alameda has sailed from Sydney, N. S. W., with $2,500,000 in gold for San Francisco, Cal.

Paris gave the Boer envoys a warm greeting on their return from their American visit.

Sir Frederick Mitchell Hodgson, Governor of the Gold Coast, announces his safe arrival at Akwebuso.

The Italian Chamber of Deputies has approved the commercial agreement between Italy and the United States.

General Dodds, hero of the Dahomey campaign, will head the French expedition to China.

The London Times's Lorenzo Marques correspondent says that former President Steyn and General De Wit are the only obstacles to the termination of the war in South Africa.

General Jamont was removed from his post as Inspector-General of the French army for criticising the action of the Minister of War.

President Kruger, of the South African Republic, has moved his headquarters to Nelspruit, on the Delagoa Bay Railway.

Crime in Paris has increased since the Exposition opened, murders being daily occurrences.

It is officially announced that General Lord Methuen has captured Andries Wessels, the head of the Afrikander Bund.

The first Canadians returning from the Boer war report that out of 1500 men 800 were stricken with enteric fever.

General Roberts, in order to check the operations of Boer spies, requires that every male more than sixteen years of age shall be registered, and shall carry a permit.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
SPENCER B. ADAMS,
of Guilford.

For Lieutenant Governor,
CLAUDIUS DOCKERY,
of Richmond.

For Secretary of State,
J. L. PARROTT,
of Lenoir.

For State Treasurer,
L. L. JENKINS,
of Gaston.

For State Auditor,
T. S. ROLLINS,
of Madison.

For State Supt. of Public Instruction,
N. C. ENGLISH,
of Randolph.

For Attorney General,
ZEB VANCE WALSER,
of Davidson.

For Commissioner of Agriculture,
DR. ABNER ALEXANDER,
of Tyrrell.

For Commissioner Labor and Printing,
T. W. MALLOY,
of Rockingham.

For Corporation Commissions,
C. A. REYNOLDS,
of Forsyth
J. A. FRANK,
of Swain.

For Congress,
ISAAC M. MEEKINS,
of Pasquotank.

A Neighborhood Humorist.

"Yesterday I met George as I got on the car and I said, 'Hello, George, how're you getting on?' Then he said 'I ain't getting on. I'm getting off.'"

"Well?"

"Today I met him as I was getting off the car and I said, 'Hello, George, how're you getting on?' Then he said, 'I ain't getting on at all. I'm putting my mother-in-law on.'"—Chicago Record.

SAVED BY HIS WIFE.

A Canadian Tells the Story of His Rescue.

45 Years of Nerve Destroying Bondage—His Declining Years Can Now be Passed in Happiness and Comfort.

WINNIPEG, Man.,—[Special.]—A lifetime's slavery at the end of this century is almost beyond belief and yet it is true. In Poyntz & Co's. drug store on Williams St., yesterday, was discussed the remarkable deliverance of Mr. Geo. Gaffield, a prominent farmer, and one of the oldest settlers of St. Charles District, when he himself entered the store. His step was firm and elastic, his eye bright, his bearing that of manly vigor, so that the reporter hesitated to ask if he had just been released from a terrible bondage, but Mr. Gaffield was only too pleased to tell his story, for the good of humanity; "Yes I'm glad to talk of it, because it may lead those who are tobacco spitting and smoking their lives away to find a cure in No-To-Bac. I was a heavy user of tobacco for over 45 years, an inveterate smoker and chewer, using a frightful amount of tobacco and spending so much money that it was ruinous to me financially. Not only this, but the habit was disgusting to all I came in contact with. Did I try to stop? I should say so; dozen of times, but I had become such a slave to the weed that I couldn't live without it. A year ago Poyntz recommended No-To-Bac to me and my wife urged me to try it and so I bought a box. From the day I took a No-To-Bac tablet I have not tasted tobacco. I used three boxes of No-To-Bac and was not only cured of the tobacco habit, but regained my health and strength and was benefited in more ways than one. The truth is that No-To-Bac made a new man of me." Druggist Poyntz, who had listened to this wonderful story, said: "The Sterling Remedy Company, of Chicago, New York and Montreal, are so fair and square that it's a pleasure to do business with them. They authorize every druggist to sell No-To-Bac under the absolute guarantee that if three boxes fail to cure any case of the tobacco habit, the money will be refunded, and they refund it, too." Get the booklet "Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away." Free sample and written guarantee mailed for the asking.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Dec. 1st, 1899.

TRAIN SERVICE.

NORTHBOUND.

Leave Eliz City daily [except Sunday]	2.45,	p. m.
Arrival Norfolk " "	4.25,	p. m
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs., and Saturday	9.30,	a. m.
Arrive at Norfolk " "	11.00,	a. m.

SOUTHBOUND.

Leave Eliz. City daily (except Sunday)	11.40,	a. m.
Arrive at Edenton " "	12.40,	p. m.
Arrive Belhaven " "	4.45,	p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs., and Saturday	6.00,	p. m.
Arrive Edenton " "	7.00,	p. m.

☞Trains stop at all intermediate Stations.

STEAMBOAT SERVICE.

Steamers leave Edenton daily (except Sunday 1:00 p. m., for Plymouth, Jamesville, Williamston and Windsor. Leave Edenton Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 1.00, p. m., for Cowan River Landings and Friday for Scuppernong River.

Steamers leave Elizabeth City for Roanoke Island, Oriental and Newberne, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 6:00, p. m., connect with the A. & N. C. Railroad and the W. A. & W. Railroad for Goldsboro and Wilmington, &c. For Scuppernong River Monday and Wednesday 12:00, noon. For Coinjock and North River Landings Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 3:00, p. m. For South Mills and Landing on the Dismal Swamp route Monday, Wednesday and Friday 6:00, a. m. Steamers leave Belhaven daily [except Sunday] for Washington, N. C.

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft. & Pass'r Ag't.

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when desired. The finest Hearse in this Section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty The old stand on Ehringhaus Street. All kinds of Cabinet Work don

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THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO., ORANGE, MASS.

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The North Carolinian

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PALEMON JOHN, Editor
ROBERT P. JENKINS, Associate Editor.

THE RUSSIAN IN ASIA

The world's attention is attracted in these closing hours of the nineteenth century to one of the most absorbing of history's plays, which is now being staged on the continent of Asia. Piteous accounts of Indian famine have appealed to our sympathies, dread rumors of Tartar rage and bloodshed and the existence of a condition of internal rebellion in the northern provinces of China, with the attending fear for the lives of all foreigners within her borders, have still further quickened the beat of the public pulse. Aside, however, from the current interest of the hour, there is a broader problem here presented. These are but surface indications. Examined in the wider light of political and history-making possibilities, the suggested denouement may well awake the flagging interest of even the most jaded.

This is a commercial and land-grabbing age, and, among the appropriators of territory, the Russian, with his peace palm and Hague conference, stands forth conspicuous. Russian extension of territorial boundaries since 1836 has been steady and continued, the gradual evolution of her policy of Asiatic supremacy To-day the northern half of Asia is Russian, and the representatives of the government at St Petersburg are in control in Persia, Afghanistan, East Turkestan, and Mongolia. The line is drawing in. Over half a million soldiers guard the frontier. Work on the trans-caspian and trans-siberian rail roads is being rushed night and day, and every preparation for the future tightening of the net is being made under the avowed guise of peace. English supremacy in the south, in India, has watched her onward stride with an apprehensive and diplomatic eye. France, the ally of the Czar, has aroused to renewed aggressiveness. Japan, robbed of the fruits of the China-Japanese war, views with unconcealed distrust and apprehension for her own safety, the general tend of affairs and has armed herself for the contest which she seemingly regards as inevitable. We can see that the present Asiatic out-break may serve to precipitate a condition of affairs already so strained. Such a world-war, between forces modernly and scientifically armed, would promise in its bloodiness to be without parallel in history. The presence of 400,000,000 brave Mongolian fanatics does not simplify the problem. The future is indeed portentious.

THE CUBAN EXCURSIONIST.

A matter of interest is found in the coming visit of the Cuban teachers to our country. There are to be nearly fifteen hundred of the excursionists, selected from the three thousand modern schools already established on the island, and now in active operation with an enrolled pupilage of one hundred and forty thousand. A summer course at Harvard, adapted to the special needs of the Cuban pedagogue, is to be furnished free of charge. The leading places of interest in our republic are to be visited. The expenses of the trip and college course are born by the United States government, Harvard College and private subscription. As an educating and Americanizing lesson, the scheme, as successfully conducted, will prove of incalculable value, not only to the pedagogues but to the pupils as well, who, undoubtedly, embrace within their number some of the future immortals of the Antilles.

From an editorial in the Louisville Courier-Journal on the Kansas City Convention, we cannot but quote the following. It hath a humorous sound:

"The rank and file of the party will hope for the best, pray for the best, work for the best, putting the croaker aside, saying to themselves and to one another, "sufficient unto the day be the evil thereof." If the Courier-Journal can stand the platform and candidates, surely any Democrat can."

We would venture, as a surmise, that the Hon. Henry Watterson was not in an exceptionally happy frame of mind when he penned the above.

Information from China continues to be of the rumor order. The fact that no word from the legations or ministers has been received for nearly a month, forces the civilized world to believe the worst. The allied forces have succeeded in taking Tien Tsin, but the march on Pekin is still a far distant certainty, and they are handicapped by the lack of military unity. The insurrectionists seem to be exceptionally well armed. The outlook is still most gloomy.

As a straw indicating the force of prosperity's wind in Carolina, we note the following figures quoted by a contemporary:

"Since 1895 the number of national banks in North Carolina has increased from twenty-six to twenty-nine, of state banks from thirty-nine to fifty-four, of private banks from twelve to twenty-five and of savings banks from four to nine. The total resources of all the banks have increased

Political Department.

[This Department will be devoted to Local, State and National politics during the campaign by the EDITOR.]

Stevenson is a relic of the hard times of four years ago.

Trade follows the flag, but bankruptcy is about the main thing that would follow the flag of Byanism.

If reported correctly some of our local Democratic orators are afflicted with a diarrhoea of words and a constipation of ideas.

The talk about "imperialism" in the Democratic platform is cant. None exists except in the imagination of demagogues.

The August election will cost the State $150,000. This is a needless expense as another election must be held in November. It must be added to the $600,000 of increase in the cost of government of the State under the present Democratic regime.

The cry of "negro domination" is simply a scare-crow. Since the decision of the Supreme Court to allow different systems of county government in the East and West—taking the election of Magistrates and County Commissioners from the people—it never could exist.

Bear in mind this fact: Every voter must register this year. The fact that you registered last time or some other time does not make any difference. An entirely new registration is required this year. And remember this fact also, the 21st day of July is the last day you can register.

The Republicans and Populists of Camden have united on the following excellent tickets: For Representative, J. M. Cartwright; Sheriff, W. S. Bartlett; Treasurer, J. B. Burgess; Register of Deeds, W. R. Halstead; Commissioners, Frank Jones, T. C. McCoy, E. Mitchell. Let this ticket have a full support.

The Populists of Chowan have nominated the following excellent ticket: For Representative, Wm. Morris; for Sheriff, J. C. Warren; for Register of Deeds, J. C. Forehand; for Coroner, Dr. Parker; and they endorsed Mr. Z. W. Evans for Treasurer For Commissioners, Wm. J. Leary, Sr.; M. H. Hughes, Horace J. Lane.

No self-respecting man wants the ballot merely because he had a grandfather. He wants it because he considers it his right as a citizen of the State whose interests are his. He wants it for self protection in the present and the future. He wants it because he helps support the government in peace and war. And, what is more, he doesn't want his grandfather used as a trap to fool him into voting away his own suffrage rights.

THE CLASSES AGAINST THE MASSES.

Among our objections to the proposed Amendment is our belief that it is a movement to array the classes against the masses. We hold that the classes, though numerically weak, have no right under a Republican form of government, either morally or legally, to ask, demand or expect of the masses that they should surrender that power which they hold through the ballot, thereby becoming absolutely helpless to redress any grievance or wrong. Should the Amendment be declared constitutional, it will be a beginning in a dangerous direction, for by reference to history we find that every disfranchising act that has been placed upon the statute books of the English speaking people has always been placed there by the classes against masses, and every one has resulted to the detriment not only of the masses but also of the classes, thereby causing bad government, dissatisfaction, oppression, envy, hate and strife in the community.

PASQUOTANK REPUBLICAN TICKET.

The county ticket nominated by the Republicans of Pasquotank is composed of representative men and all are fully qualified for the positions named.

Peter S. Shipp, the nominee for Representative, is a practical man of affairs, of sterling character and sound judgment. One of the people, he understands their needs and as a member of the Legislature will advocate and support such measures as will protect and promote their interest.

M B. Culpepper, the nominee for Register of Deeds, is conceded to be the most popular man in the county. Having filled the office for several terms he has, by his courtesy and obliging disposition, made everybody his friend, and it is a general wish that he be re-elected.

B. Frank Spence, the nominee for Sheriff, is a most worthy man, highly esteemed and a genial gentlemen. He will make an efficient officer.

Charles A. Banks, the nominee for Treasurer, has had experince in public office and has performed the duties of each creditably to himself and satisfactorily to the public. In electing him the voters will make no mistake.

The ticket is a good one It will compare favorably with that of any party in this county. Let it have a

The Republicans of Tyrrell have nominated the following tickets: For Representative, F. L. W. Cahoon; Sheriff, Daniel Holmes; Treasurer, W. E. Liverman; Register Deeds, E. P. Cahoon; Coroner, C. H. Jarvis; Surveyor, W. E. Shallington, and for Commissioners, D. T. Sawyer, Enoch Eatman and P. P. Cahoon. This is a strong ticket. A resolution was adopted endorsing the action of the Congressional Convention that nominated Isaac M. Meekins for Congress and D. O. Newberry for Elector.

Would You Take the Risk.

Suppose you intended buying a tract of land and had every assurance from the owner thereof that he could give a clear title to the same, but on investigation your lawyer found that there was some doubt about the legality of the title, would you take the risk and pay your money for the land? No man with any business qualifications would invest his money under such circumstances

Freemen of North Carolina, if you would not risk your dollars on land, about which there was dispute as to the title, will you put in danger your sacred political liberties—your only weapon of protection against oppression and injustice? Let every white man who can read and write, think earnestly, soberly, yea, prayerfully, about this momentous question before he votes to destroy his political liberties.

CURE CONSTIPATION

Regulate liver and bowels, cure sick headache, never sicken, weaken or gripe. Eat one like candy. 10c, 25c, 50c. All druggists. Samples free. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago or New York.

History Repeating Itself.

After 1866 the State was admitted back into the Union and the franchise was in the hands of all and so remained until the Constitutional Convention in 1876, which passed the most sweeping disfranchising act known to the history of the English speaking people. That act was the county government system which practically said that the people of North Carolina, including all classes, were totally incapable of local self-government. From observation throughout the State we see that the opposition to this law was universal. It was finally repealed by an uprising of the masses in 1894. In 1898 the Democrats came back into power, and one of the first acts is simply history repeating itself, to fasten upon the masses disfranchisement, which, as the histories of all countries show, always leads to dissatisfaction, distress and strife.

A Mob.

North Carolina has never before witnessed the Legislature of the State being turned into a political mob, meeting only for political purposes, refusing even to consider the request of those in charge of the Insane Asylum for a small appropriation to give relief to over two hundred of the unfortunate insane now demanding immediate admission into the asylum, many of whom are now locked up in the hot prison cells of county jails, while these political schemers are conspiring against civil liberty. Will you vote to give Simmons and his political schemers unlimited power?

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

A Dangerous Fanatic

It is not so much the platform that is to be feared as the man upon it. Mr. Bryan is a dangerous citizen. He is an honest fanatic. Neither his ability nor his integrity is open to doubt. But he is radical, selfish, headstrong, imperious, determined to have his way. He is not a fit man for President. In charge of the craft he would run it upon the rocks.—Charlotte Observer.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, D. C., July 13, 1900.

While this government is inclined to partially accept the cabled statement of the Chinese government, presented by the Chinese Minister, and made public this week, that the Chinese government was doing everything possible to protect the foreigners, it has not allowed it to cause any cessation of the efforts to hurry American troops to China. The statement merely confirms what has been assumed by this government from the first, that the trouble was owing to the inability of the Chinese government to control the revolutionary mobs and was not therefore a cause to declare war on China. This government does not, however, and will not accept that portion of the statement which charges that the guards of the foreign legations in Pekin brought on the attacks by their conduct towards the Chinese. Nothing short of an official report from Mr. Conger, our Minister to China, will cause that statement to be accepted. This government would also like to know why when the Chinese government was getting that statement out of Pekin it did not allow the foreign ministers to send some word to their governments.

Hon. Otis H. Cutler, of New York, who was a delegate to the Philadelphia Convention, said to a Washington friend of the outlook in his State: "I believe McKinley's plurality in New York State will be 50,000 larger than it was four years ago. It would not surprise me to see him carry the state by a plurality over Bryan of more than 300,000. Every condition that contributed to McKinley's great vote in New York four years ago still exists, and he has now many elements of strength he did not have in 1896. You see materialism is creeping more and more into our national life each year. Americans are coming to look at political questions through business eyes, to vote as they think their best interests dictate."

Gov. Allen, of Porto Rica, is in Washington to report on conditions in the Island and his administration as far as it has gone. He said he did

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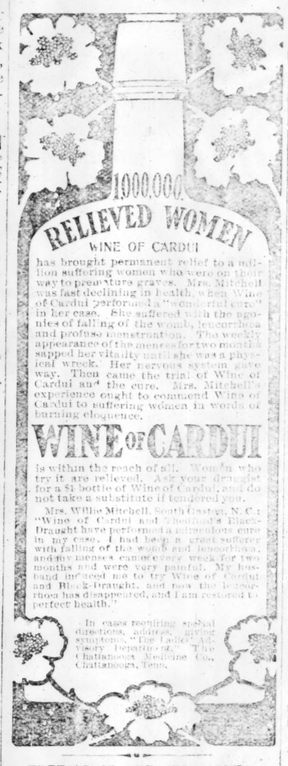
Reliable persons of a mechanical or inventive mind desiring a trip to the Paris Exposition, with good salary and expenses paid, should write The PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

the working of the new tariff, further than to say that its results bid fair to exceed the claims of its most ardent advocates. As to general conditions, he said that the Island was slowly but surely getting upon a solid and substantial business footing and that all the indications pointed to an era of the greatest prosperity in its history.

Not since the Monroe Doctrine was enunciated has a bolder or more plain-spoken document been issued by this government than that defining the attitude of the United States toward China, which was sent to all foreign governments ten days ago and was this week made public. Following is a portion of the last paragraph of this important document: "The policy of the government of the United States is to seek a solution which may give about permanent safety and peace to China, preserve Chinese territorial and administrative entity, protect all rights guaranteed to friendly powers by treaty and international law, and safeguard for the world the principle of equal and impartial trade with all parts of the Chinese Empire." It means business all the way through and is a notice to the world that the United States will not allow any changes to be made in China that will affect our commercial rights.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In cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, and "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

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Notice.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of Venditioni Exponas from the Circuit Court of the United States at Raleigh, in the case of Harvey Terry against Timothy Ely, I shall sell at public auction for cash at the Court House door in Elizabeth City on the 6th day of August, 1900, at 12 M., the interest of said Timothy Ely, legal and equitable, in the following lands lying and being in the counties of Pasquotank and Perquimans, N. C., known as the Great Park Estates bounded as follows, to-wit:

Beginning in the town of Parkville at the intersection of Albertson and Camack's turnpikes, running down the Camack turnpike north 54 70 east 120 chains, thence north 5-10, west 80 chains, thence north 58-50 east 73 70-100 chains, thence north 14 west 320 43-100 chains, thence north 85 1-2 west 103 70-100 chains, thence south 32 east 80 chains, thence north 85 1-2 west 156 chains, thence north 70 1-2 west 80 chains, thence south 47 1-2 west 170 chains, thence south 43-10 west 40 chains, thence south 14 1-2 east 40 chains, thence south 2 30-50 east 20 80-100 chains, thence south 31 1-4 east 6 85-100 chains, thence south 40 east 1 20-100 chains, thence south 56 1-2 east 5 13-100 chains, thence south 66 east 6 52-100 chains, thence south 65 east 12 31-100 chains, thence south 67 1-4 east 6 85-100 chains, thence 50 25 east 3 50-100 chains, thence south 63 14 east 14 47-100 chains, thence south 30 3-4 east 27 69-100 chains, thence south 66 1-2 east 3 55-100 chains, thence south 65 1-2 east 5 34-100 chains, thence south 63 3-4 east 11 68-100 chains, thence south 71 1-4 east 3 12-100 chains, thence south 32 50 east 24 76-100 chains, thence south 54 east 6 5-100 chains, thence south 55 20 east 18 70-100 chains, thence south 61 10 east 45 92-100 chains thence south 63 50 east 22 16-100 chains, thence south 60 10 east 24 32-100 chains, thence south 73 1-2 east 51 17-100 chains to the first point of beginning, containing an area of Fifteen Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-six 5954-10,000 acres, be the same more or less.

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U. S. Marshal.

Per Chas. A. Banks, Dep'y U. S. M.
July 2, 1900.

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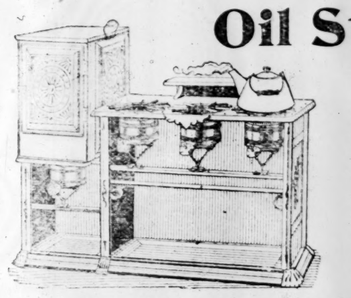

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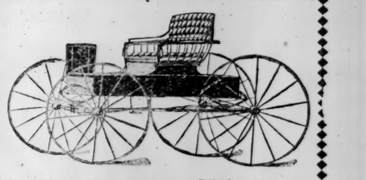

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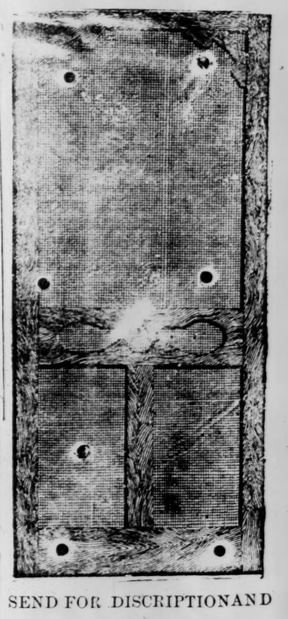

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Colored—Methodist, W. L. Saxton, pastor; Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Methodist, A. M. E. Zion, Mark Norman, pastor; St. Philip, W. J. Armstrong rector; St. Stephen, W. Whitehurst, pastor; Baptist, Pleasant Grove, Primitive, S. P. Sawyer, pastor.

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Odd Fellows: Athenia Lodge No. 11, D. M. Simons, N. G., J. F. Simpson, V. G., ——, Sec., ——, Recording Secretary, R. E. Sawyer, Financial Secretary, ——, Treasurer.

Tabula Encampment No. 4, ——, C. P., J. C. Simpson, High Priest, ——, S. W., ——, J. W., G. W. Fearing, Scribe, W. H. Weatherly, Treasurer, ——, Trustee.

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Knights of Honor, R. F. Weeks, D.; J. B. Engle, Vice Dictator, T. J. Jones, Assistant Dictator, Wilson, Finance Reporter, W. S. Mann, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 5, I. O. R. M., Garrett Sutton, Sachem, ——, Senior Sagamore, Thompson, Junior Sagamore, ——, Prophet, W. Whitehurst, Chief of Records, White, K. of W. ——, Sec.

Commissioners: Geo. M. Morgan, Elisha Morgan, Thomas Sawyer, E. N. Williams.

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The North Carolinian.

Thursday, July 19 1900.

HAD THE CASH.

He lacked refinement, culture, grace,
He had no charm of form or face,
To see him read would pain your sight,
'Twas misery for him to write,
And yet, like all that's human, he
Had one trait of humanity—
And that the best I might here state—
At making money he was great.

Wherefore around him all men flocked,
And women, too, and were not shocked
At things he'd do or things he'd say,
In his rough, coarse and brutal way.
They merely smiled indulgently,
And said: "How free from guile is he!
He doesn't have to try to please—
We love his eccentricities."
—Phila. North American.

THROUGH OUR SPECTACLES

Have you purchased that Robinson Thermal Bath?

An eloquent speaker, like a river, is greatest at the mouth.

A great truth quickly told: Clothing for Men, Youths and Children. Latest novelties at Moses Weisel's.

K. M. Fulford has been appointed postmaster at Currituck in place of W. B. Fulford removed.

Remember the Teachers' Institute opens on the 23d The exercises will be held in the Court House and the public are cordially invited to attend the sessions.

Honest values stitched with truthful words. The Hu-man-ic Shoe for men is one of the best that is made. They fit and wear without hurting your foot; $4 at Moses Weisel's.

There will be a convention of the school teachers and committees on Saturday the 28th inst. to take under consideration plans for the improvement of the public schools.

The State Pharmaceutical Association met at Wilmington yesterday and is still in session. About seventy-five members are in attendance and the session promises to be an interesting one.

WANTED.—One young man from Pasquotank county, N. C., to prepare for the coming Railway Mail Service examination. We furnish everything, including books and maps. Address, enclosing stamp, Inter-State Correspondence Institute, Cedar Rapids, Ia.

A destructive fire at Winston-Salem on the 12th, destroyed two large tobacco factories, one owned by J. E. Shelton and the other by N. S. and T. J. Wilson. Insurance comparatively none.

At Coinjock on the 29th inst. Ezekiel Gilman departed this life in the 84th year of his age. He was born at Newburyport, Mass., and came to this State in early life and for many years engaged in teaching school.

The Charlotte Observer, one of the leading Democratic organs of the State, in a recent editorial avows its inability to stand by the Kansas City platform. Its disaffection is due to the silver plank and the one relative to government by injunction.

In these days of swelter and excessive perspiration, we are not the only sufferers. A young girl in Missouri was taken to an insane asylum the other day, suffering from the remarkable delusion that she is compelled to sit on a red hot stove and peel potatoes She has been working in a hotel kitchen.

Never before have we been able to offer so large and varied an assortment of fresh and pleasing styles. We have the stock that meets the expectation and gratifies the tastes. You want the best. This is your chance. We are able to sell cheap and we do. You can find Shoes, Hats, Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods in all of the latest styles to be had at M. Weisel's, Water street.

We note the recent appointment of Mr. H. M. Wilson of Charlotte as textile instructor in the A. & M. College at Raleigh. This institution is doing a great work. Our State needs trained artisans, mechanics and agriculturists. The textile school is a new departure and is an answer to the demand of our rapidly increasing cotton-manufacturing industry.

As a result of a vigorous temperance agitation the city fathers of Benton, Ky., have made the following compromise: A license has been granted a citizen to open a saloon on an agreement that he shall keep his doors open all the time, use no screens whatever and that no one shall be allowed to "treat" or "set 'em up" in his place of business. Every man who takes a drink must pay for his own liquor.

The summer record of the drowned is beginning its sad chronicle. Wm. A. Bryan, a popular and well known young man of Wilmington, in the Cape Fear river, and Mr. Fred Hobbs, a student of Davidson Medical College, in the Catawba, are the latest victims With Mr. Hobbs perished Mr. Youan, a young Persian student, who was preparing himself in this country for his intended work as a missionary. Mr. Youan made a brave effort to save Mr. Hobbs but met with a sad reward, a watery grave.

Pasquotank Superior Court is in session here this week, Judge McNeill presiding. He is making a very favorable impression. The county attendance is small. As this is a purely civil docket, the matters at issue are of little interest except to the litigants and lawyers. There are several exceptions, however. The case of W.W. Morrisett. adm'r., vs. Fenwick et al., alleging fraud and collusion, proved, in the warmness of its contest, to be quite up to the mark. The jury was out all night, and at the time of writing, 24 hours later, a verdict has not yet been rendered. G. W. Ward and and S. S. Lamb, represented the defence, E. F. Aydlett and P. H. Williams the plaintiff. The case of Lamb vs. the city, a test case, involving the question of the right of a property owner to recover for injuries sustained in making street improvements where said improvements, also, benefited said property, is expected to be reached to-day, and involves a question of some interest.

We would call attention to the advertisement of the Atlantic Collegiate Institute displayed in another column. The Institute is one which deserves well of Elizabeth City and the Albermarle section. It has taken rank as one of the best institutions of its kind in the State, and its graduates are prepared to meet the college examiner without fear or apprehension. Its course of instruction is thorough and practical. Under the able management of its genial Principal, Prof. S. L Sheep, it has grown with each passing year. We commend it to the public at large and to all who are seeking to lay an educational foundation for the struggle for existence.

Another incorporation for the purpose of manufacturing cotton fabrics is noted. The Barnhardt Manufacturing Co., with a capital stock of $60,000, at Charlotte. Our attention is also called, en passant, to the statement that during the six months ended June 30th, this State granted 180 charters to corporations, nearly all of whom were industrial, representing a capital of over five and a half millions. Hats off!

The recent death of Charles H. Fricka, of Greensboro, presents a peculiar case. Fricka was in rather delicate health and while seated in the park at Wilmington Grove he inhaled, in drawing a long breath, the smoke of a chance neighbor's cigarette. A hemorhage of the lung resulted and death quickly followed.

The Democratic Congressional Convention convened here to-day, and, at present writing, is in full blast. There is an average attendance As previously intimated, Congressman John H. Small will doubtless be renominated.

The Firemens Tournament at Wilmington, came to an end on the 12th. The contests were spirited and interesting. Newberne, especially, covered herself with glory, lowering the world's record in the "quick steaming" contest.

An excellent paper by B. Irby, agriculturist, on "Corn Culture in Carolina," issued by the Agricultural Experiment Station, is on our desk. It contains some interesting data and information.

The farmers of this section are praying for rain. The crops, corn especially, need it badly.

Our Job-press is running merrily. For neat and tasty work we throw down the gauntlet.

The Mormons are working the western portion of the State and are making some converts, it is stated.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 4:57 and will set to-night at 7:23.—We regret to hear of the illness of Mr. Gid Lamb on Burgess street.—Mr. Guy Newby of Hertford, private secretary to Congressman Small, spent several days in the city last week.—Mrs. S. S. Lamb made a short trip to Nags Head Saturday to enjoy the Sunday breezes there.—The negro cake-walkers from Norfolk gave a repetition of their performance at the Academy Friday Night. The exhibition was excellent of its kind.—Cupid is still shooting. Mr. B. T. Harris to Miss Vida Whitson at Manteo last week. Both of this city.—Mr. Bruce Newby of Hertford was in the city Thursday.—Miss Mary Pruden of Edenton accompanied by her brother, Mr. J. Norfleet, was in our city for the ball game Thursday. She was the guest of Mrs. S. S. Lamb for the evening, returning home Friday morning.—The Aydlett Building on the corner of Poindexter and Main streets is to be radically remodeled, enlarged and improved.—Miss Mary E. Hinton, one of our most popular young ladies, has returned from visiting at Rosedale.—Miss Bessie Elliott of Cisco spent a few days in our city last week.—Messrs Engle & Sawyer, local photographers, are working Belvidere at present.—Our former townsman, Mr. W. L. Cohoon, political campaigner and agent for the Raleigh Post, was in town last week.—Mr. William Griffin, one of the city's promising sons, is off on an extended visit to Denver, Colorado.—Mr. W. G. Pool one of our genial revenue collectors, was in the city during the week just passed.—Miss Florence Williams of Rosedale is visiting Miss Mary Hinton in the Third Ward.—Misses Irene and Nannie Allen have returned home from visiting in Hertford.—Mr. W. J. Swain has accepted a commercial position with Flora & Co.—Many and long are the letters written from the seashore at this delightful season. The following, however, to a plodding stay-at-home husband, is beautifully brief:

"Dear John: I'm where
The ocean hollers;
I send some shells,
You send some dollars."

—Mr. H. C. Godfrey, who has been visiting North, has returned. We are pleased to note the rapid convalescense of Mr. Dave Whitehurst, one of our popular young grocers, who had been threatened with typhoid fever, at his home on Road street.—Mr. Joseph Morgan of Berkley is visiting in the city.—Several of our young men, who were in attendance on the Firemen's Tournament at Wilmington, have returned. They report a most enjoyable time.—Mr. Frank Bond of Edenton was in our city last week.—Mr. A. J. Davis, now of Norfolk, spent Sunday with his parents here.—Miss Clara Howpen and Ada Pitt of Philadelphia are visiting Miss Bulah Fulmer on Fearing street.—Our Morehead pleasure seekers left on the Alert Saturday.—Misss Mary Sawyer is the guest of Miss Julia C. Sawyer on Church street.—Mrs. R. C. Overton on Burgess street is the hostess of Miss Lucy Gray of Long Point.—Rev. Dr. Penick and family have returned from a short vacation spent in cruising in neighboring waters.—Joseph A. White, a former employee of the cotton factory here, was arrested in Berkley Friday night He was wanted in this city where a charge of assault had been lodged against him. It is alledged that he unprovokedly attacked young Ray Winder, a clerk in Dr. J. E. Wood's drug store, near the Presbyterian church several weeks ago, while said Winder was quietly wending his evening way homeward.—Mrs. B. B. Tatem, on Boston ave., was the victim of a paralytic stroke Monday. We hope that the affliction may prove only temporary.—Quite a number of our young people are summering by the sea at present.—Presiding Elder Willis occupied the pulpit of the M. E. Church at Edenton Sunday.—Mr. R. L. Evans has returned from a pleasant visit to Wilmington.—The Baptist Sunday School promises an excursion to Nags Head on the 24th.—The Edenton and Elizabeth City Baseball Clubs cross bats at the Park this afternoon. An interesting and exciting game is promised. The proposed game last Thursday was called at the end of the third inning, on account of rain, with a goose-egg score on both sides.—Our Versifier after several days spent in the sultry court room thus expresses his view with a layman's sageness:

Litigation—
To the lawyers brings elation,
To the clients consternation,
To the counsel animation,
To the "devil" reputation,
To the usher agitation,
To the jury aggravation,
To the witness indignation,
To the judge consideration,
To the reporters expectation,
To the loser lamentation,
To the winner exultation
To the public information.

—Miss Bessie Cobb, of Edgecomb county, is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. H. Keaton, on East Main street.—Col. Harvey Terry, of Columbus, O., spent a few days here this week. He gave the Editor an interesting call.—Miss Martin, of Lynchburg, who has been visiting the family of Dr. W. S. Penick on Main street, returned home yesterday much to the regret of her many friends here.—W. D. Pruden, Esq., of Edenton, is in the city attending court.—Mrs. Nellie Baxter and Mrs. Mollie Fearing are off for a trip to various springs in Virginia.—The Orphans of Oxford presented a highly entertaining program at the Academy last evening.—Miss Bessie Simmons from near Hatteras, is visiting Miss Clinnie White on Fearing street.—The Lamb building on Water street is rapidly nearing completion.—Our gay yachtsmen who left on the Alert Saturday for Morehead, did quite a deal of sailing. Contrary winds delayed their arrival at final destination until Tuesday afternoon.—Miss Ella Croef of Manteo is visiting Miss Martha Sykes in the First Ward.—There was a feast on the court house green last night for the benefit of the baseball club.—Miss Minnie Broughton, of Portsmouth, Va., is visiting Mrs F. H. Zeigler on North Road street.—Mr. D. M. Jones and family are visiting in Dunn.—Mr. D. G. Reid, a former townsman, now in the government employ at Washington, D. C, accompanied by his mother, wife and child, is visiting Mrs. Eliza White on Shepard street.

NOTICE.

MONEY TO LOAN on reasonable terms; valuable and desirable property in Elizabeth City and at Nags Head N. C., for rent or sale. Apply to WILEY H. GRANDY, Attorney-at-Law, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Notice of Administration

HAVING qualified as Executor of the late William A. Price, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within 12 months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

JAS W. PRICE, Executor.

May 25, 1900.

For a Pleasant Home or a Paying Investment

EUCLID HEIGHTS is only 400 yards from that portion of Elizabeth City which has the only available water front the Elizabeth City & Western R. R. can get for a depot. This water front also offers great advantages for mills, factories and marine railways. The shrewd business man of to-day is buying up all the water front and near lands for these purposes, and in a shorter time than is in the minds of many we will see the Southern banks of the old Pasquotank, and both sides of Charles Creek lined with these industries, giving employment to thousands of men, women and children.

"This will make the lands of Euclid Heights which are within such a convenient and pleasant residential distance, in such great demand as to make it almost impossible for a man working on moderate salary to think of buying one of the lots which can now be secured at a very moderate figure and on the very easiest terms.

FOR A RESIDENCE Euclid Heights is delightfully situated in the Southern part of Elizabeth City within eight minutes walk of the corners of Main and Poindexter streets, and only 400 yards from the Pasquotank river, a convenient and pleasant residential distance not annoyed by the scream of steam whistles and safe from the dangers of factory fires.

LANDS This land is high, dry, with a rich, light, sandy soil for lawn and flowers, and a solid building foundation of clay one foot below the surface.

DRAINAGE The drainage is perfect: there being a deep basin on either side with the navigable waters of Charles Creek fronting it. The avenues will be so graded as to render it impossible for water to gather in stagnant pools and breed the deadly miasma.

AIR The pleasant and refreshing Summer Southern breezes laden with the delightful odor and healthgiving properties of the Southern pine first pass over these lands to Elizabeth City.

AVENUES The avenues are 65 feet wide, giving 40 feet for driveway and 12½ feet sidewalks, enough room for shade trees instead of in driveway obstructing the drainage and grading of the streets.

ALLEYS A fifteen foot alley separates the lots on the back, giving a rear driveway into each lot, which does away with the nuisance of a double gate in front.

PARKS One or more Parks will be given so as to adorn and beautify the locality and add to the enjoyment of the purchasers. Taken all in all Euclid Heights possesses wonderful attractions for home seekers and investors.

The first 43 lots (one with a $800 house on it) to be drawn for. Payments, $10 cash, $8 per month. Don't fail to see this fine property. Lots sold to white people only.

EUCLID HEIGHTS LAND COMPANY,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

One Fault.

Miss Crochet (after an attack upon the piano)—How do you like that? It is a song without words.

Fogg—It would be absolutely perfect but for one thing.

Miss Crochet—What's that, pray?

Fogg—If it was also without music. —Boston Transcript.

A Hint.

"Did you see that story about the man who got a needle in his arm while trying to kiss a girl?" he asked.

"No," she replied, and then she added fervently, "but, thank heaven, I never learned to sew."—Chicago Post.

The late Dr. Campbell Black of Glasgow, eminent as a physician and clinical lecturer, was fond of saying that "medicine is no more an exact science than millinery."

Oriental physicians have practiced vaccination for more than 3,000 years.

MATTING!

New Goods, New Patterns,

Our Mattings are new goods forwarded to us direct from the ship in which they came

FROM

CHINA AND JAPAN.

They are not dried out;
They are not old patterns;
They are not auction jobs.
They are fresh, new goods; bright, clean patterns and at very moderate prices.

WALL PAPER!

Make your rooms beautiful and attractive by papering the walls. It costs very little We can show you a large variety of good things for the purpose. There is no use in ordering from sample books if you can save yourself time, money and trouble by selecting from our stock of three thousand pieces.

We have just opened a large lot of Jardinieries, Flower Pots and Urns.

MELICK

A WORD ABOUT BRICK.—Everybody needing Brick want a good quality; an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N.C

FULMER & CO.

When buying Groceries, as well as other things, you like to have some variety to choose from. No store in Elizabeth City displays such a variety of good things to eat as Fulmer & Co's. You can find many new things there and very likely among them is something that will just suit you. If you need a Health Food, try "Grape Nuts," Ralston Breakfast and Barley Food, Whole Wheat Biscuit, or Mother's Oats. We have a fine grade Pennsylvania Buckwheat Flour, Hecker's Whole Wheat Flour for Dispepties and Ralston's Brain Bread Flour. Below is a list of a few dainties for the table: Imported Switzir Cheese, Veal Loaf, Liver Pudding, Boneless Herring, Imported Sardines, Dried Beef, Queen Olives, Yellow Peaches, Canned Strawberries. Real Quince and Peach Preserves, Cranberry Sauce, Chow-chow and India Relish. Telephone 17,

FOR SALE!

30 BUILDING LOTS FAIRVILLE teh OLD FAIRGROUNDS, near the Cotton Factory. Terms and payment made easy. P. JOHN.

An Overexcited Wife.

An incident occurred at the redemption bureau of the treasury which ought to be a warning to wives. A woman in New England placed $18 in bank bills in the oven of the kitchen stove in order to hide it from her husband. She forgot to take it out, and in the morning he kindled a hot fire and reduced the money to a crisp before his wife remembered where it was. She picked up the ashes, enough to half fill a wineglass, put them in a little box and sent them down to Washington to be redeemed. The experts, by the use of magnifying glasses, identified the bills to the amount of $3; and sent her that money, but it cost her $12 to find her bindgirl, and she will probably not try it again.—Chicago Record.

The Road to Convalescence.

A woman will be in bed all morning and go to a whist party in the afternoon. She will be genuinely sick all day and go like a martyr to a card party at night. The idea that her absence might inconvenience her hostess is considered sufficient excuse. A man with an ache goes to bed and roars. It would be interesting to learn which is the shorter route to recovery.—Atchison Globe.

How Are Your Kidneys?

Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

TRY OUR THROAT PASTILLES

—FOR—

SORE THROAT AND HOARSENESS. WHITE PINE COMPOUND FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.

Standard Pharmacy,

Moved from Road to Poindexter St.

"WHITAR"

ONLY WHITE TAR SOAP IN THE WORLD.

Whitar Soap is a luxurious and purified toilet soap and superior to the old black tar soaps in every way. It contains all the healing and astringent properties of the black tar soaps, with entire freedom from their objectionable features. It soils neither towel nor wash bowl, for its lather is snowy.

It lathers in **Hard** or soft water far more freely than other tar soaps, and, being 10 per cent. pure, outlasts many of "the filled" soaps of equal size.

It contains much more glycerine than other soaps, and this together with its soft thick lather make it a king among shampoo soaps. In the treatment of skin, scalp and hair diseases, aggravated cases of dandruff, scald head, falling hair, etc., Whitar is highly recommended.

Physicians recommend it for babies' baths, and in cases of chafe or heat rash, the soap is peculiarly efficacious.

Ask your dealer for it.

MANUFACTURED BY

CLINTON SOAP CO.,

CLINTON, IOWA.

TYROSA for SOUPS

Soup stock prepared in the form of Dry Flour, thoroughly cooked and ready for immediate use.

Makes a Delicious Soup in Ten Minutes

All flavors retained

No Nutriment is lost.

Indigestible parts of the food removed.

TYROSA is Pure Food and all Food.

A 10 cent package makes six quarts of soup. Three varieties, Pea, Bean, Vegetable Turtle.

For sale by grocers.

PREPARED BY

MAC MORRAN & CO., Port Huron, Mich.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

ANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets

CURE CONSTIPATION

10c. 25c. 50c. ALL DRUGGISTS

Constipation Afflicts

part of the people all the time, all the people part of the time.

Are you a chronic or occasional sufferer from constipation? Do you want a sure, pure cure?

CASCARETS (eat 'em like candy) will stimulate your liver, regulate your bowels, leave your blood clean and rich, sweeten your breath and make your stomach do its work.

CASCARETS KILL DISEASE GERMS, cure sick headache, taste good and do good, please the children, destroy and drive off worms and other parasites.

A 10c box will prove their merit, and put you on the right road to perfect and permanent health. Try a 10c box to-day! If not pleased, get your money back. Larger boxes, 25c or 50c.

BOOKLET AND SAMPLE FREE FOR THE ASKING. The only Genuine. Beware of Imitations! ADDRESS Sterling Remedy Co. OHIOAGO OR NEW YORK. 255

WHY NOT INSURE YOUR HEALTH?

You would not think of going to sleep at night without insurance on your property. Is not your health the most important of all your possessions?

The Robinson Thermal Bath Cabinet

Is the proverbial ounce of prevention

Drop us a card and we will send descriptive booklet. Once used you will never willingly be without it. CHS. H. DOD, Agent, At Fowler & Co.' Elizabeth City, N. C.

In order to quickly convince the public of the merits of this treatment we will for a short time only furnish a Cabinet complete with Heater for $2.50. Order at once to secure Cabinet at this price.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is 'way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by thus doing we are sure to secure trade.

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Ou

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable; we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

PATENTS GUARANTEED

Our fee returned if we fail. Any one sending sketch and description of any invention will promptly receive our opinion free concerning the patentability of same. "How to obtain a patent" sent upon request. Patents secured through us advertised for sale at our expense.

Patents taken out through us receive *special notice*, without charge, in THE PATENT RECORD, an illustrated and widely circulated journal, consulted by Manufacturers and Investors.

Send for sample copy FREE. Address,

VICTOR J. EVANS & CO.,

(Patent Attorneys,)

Evans Building, - WASHINGTON, D. C.

A Touch of Trouble.

Captain Rankin, of the Galetea, storm-tossed on Long Island Sound, hated Captain Frazier, of the Norwalk, a rival boat, and Captain Frazier hated him. A writer in Foward tells how the enemies suddenly became friends. The storm, it appears, had broken the Galatea's shaft.

The ships came within hailing distance.

"Shall we speak the Norwalk, sir?" asked the second officer.

"Not if we can help it, sir," responded the skipper.

But the indecision on the Galatea was dismissed with a zizzag signal coming from the Norwalk's mainmast.

"What's the trouble?" it read.

Then the Galatea signalled the reply, "Shaft broken—unmanageable."

"Shall I take off your passengers and crew?" asked the Norwalk.

"Can't tell yet," was the reply.

The next sentence that glimmered from the Norwalk's signal-lights furnished the inspiration for a hymn that has been sung all over Christendom.

It was, "I'll stand by until the morning—subject to your command."

The next night the two rivals rode into port together, the disabled Galatea being towed by the belated Norwalk.

After their passengers and cargoes had been discharged, Captain Rankin walked over to the Norwalk's pier, where Captain Frazier was giving orders.

"Goin' up-town, Fraz?" he asked.

"B'lieve I am, Rankin," answered Frazier.

So the two grizzled sea-dogs, who had not spoken to each other for years, strolled up-town arm in arm, firmly re-establishing a friendship so long endangered by business rivalry.—Youth's Companion.

A Tragedy in Pall Mall.

With terrific speed they drove down St. James's street into Pall Mall, and stopped dead scarce an inch from the curbstone. There were two men on the box, and an heraldic design in purple and gold glistened on the door. The footman bounded to the ground and turned the knob nervously.

A slender woman, dressed in mourning, stepped quickly from the carriage, her eyes red and swollen. Following closely in her wake, and steadied by the footman, came her maid, bearing in her arms a bundle of something wrapped in a white cashmere shawl. Unearthly wails fell upon the air. It was heartrending to hear them. Evidently they came from within the depths of that white cashmere.

"Poor darling!" I heard the little woman exclaim. "Don't jolt him, Felice!" and together they hurried up a narrow stairway, at the bottom of which I read on a brass plate, "Surgeon-dentist."

"The blamed pup!" blurted the coachman, "to raise such a row over a dog's toothache!"

Then I understood.—London Express.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A man may make his mark in the world without making it a dollar mark.

What Shall We Have For Dessert?

This question arises in the family daily. Let us answer it to-day. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in 2 min. No boiling! no baking! Simply add a little hot water & set to cool. Flavors: Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At grocers, 10c.

It's the man with an elastic conscience who stretches the truth.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Some men are too busy making money to find time to spend it.

Carter's Ink Is Used by the greatest railway systems of the United States. They would not use it if it wasn't the best.

Modesty is sometimes only another name for deceit.

The Pinkham Record

Is a proud and peerless record. It is a record of cure, of constant conquest over obstinate ills of women; ills that deal out despair; suffering that many women think is woman's natural heritage; disorders and displacements that drive out hope.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

cures these troubles of women, and robs menstruation of its terrors.

No woman need be without the safest and surest advice, for Mrs. Pinkham counsels women free of charge. Her address is Lynn, Mass.

Can any woman afford to ignore the medicine and the advice that has cured a million women?

MALARIA

Chills and Fever, Fever and Ague Conquered.

Radway's Ready Relief

Not only cures the patient seized with this terrible foe to settlers in newly-settled districts, where the Malaria or Ague exists, but if people exposed to it will, every morning on getting out of bed, take twenty or thirty drops of the Ready Relief in a glass of water, and eat, say, a cracker, they will escape attacks. This must be done before going out.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other malarial, bilious and other fevers, aided by Radway's Pills, so quickly as

R R R
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Sold by all Druggists.

RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm St., N. Y.

OUR POLICY IN CHINA.

The Position Taken by the United States Made Public.

WILL PRESERVE CHINESE ENTITY

Declaration That No State of War Exists —Efforts to Localize and Suppress the Boxer Outrages — All Guilty Persons to Be Held Strictly Accountable—The Text of the Note Sent to the Powers.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The State Department has decided to make public the identical note which was recently delivered to the Powers as defining the position of the United States respecting the Chinese troubles. It embodies the views to which this Government has strictly adhered from the very beginning of the present troubles and which the different Powers have one by one taken into favorable consideration. The view announced at the start by the President that we did not consider ourselves at war with the Chinese nation and that all our efforts should be directed to localizing the disturbances in the province of Chih-Li and keeping them from spreading throughout the empire by enlisting on the side of peace the powerful viceroys of Central and Southern China, has now apparently been adopted by all the other Powers.

PRINCE TUAN

(He is uncle of the Emperor, father of the heir-apparent and leader of the rebellion in China.)

The circular which was sent to our foreign representatives is as follows:

"In this critical posture of affairs in China it is deemed appropriate to define the attitude of the United States as far as present circumstances permit this to be done. We adhere to the policy initiated by us in 1857 of peace with the Chinese nation, of furtherance of lawful commerce and protection to lives and property of our citizens by all means guaranteed under extraterritorial treaty rights and by the law of nations. If wrong be done to our citizens we propose to hold the responsible authors to the uttermost accountability.

"We regard the conditon at Pekin as one of virtual anarchy, whereby power and responsibility are practically devolved upon the local provincial authorities. So long as they are not in overt collision with rebellion and use their power to protect foreign life and property, we regard them as representing the Chinese people, with whom we seek to remain in peace and friendship.

"The purpose of the President is, as it has been heretofore, to act concurrently with the other Powers, first, in opening up communication with Pekin, and rescuing the American officials, missionaries and other Americans who are in danger; secondly, in affording all possible protection everywhere in China to American life and property; thirdly, in guaranteeing and protecting all legitimate American interests, and, fourthly, in aiding to prevent a spread of the disorders to the other provinces of the empire and a recurrence of such disasters.

"It is, of course, too early to forecast the means of attaining the last result, but the policy of the Government of the United States is to seek a solution which may bring about permanent safety and peace to China, preserve Chinese territorial and administrative entity, protect all rights guaranteed to friendly Powers by treaty and international law, and safeguard for the world the principle of equal and impartial trade with all parts of the Chinese empire.

"You will communicate the purport of this instruction to the Minister for Foreign Affairs. HAY."

KAISER'S DEMAND FOR VENGEANCE

Speech to the Officers and Men of the Squadron Which Sails For China.

Kiel, Germany (By Cable).—The East Asiatic squadron has sailed for China. The Emeperor William and Prince Henry witnessed the departure of the warships.

Prior to the departure of the squadron Emperor William addressed the officers and men. He said, in part: "Remember you have to fight a cunning foe provided with modern weapons. Avenge the German blood which has flowed, but spare women and children. I shall not rest until China is subdued and all her bloody deeds avenged. You will fight together with troops of various nationalities. See that you always maintain good comradeship with them."

The Ninth Regiment in China.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The Ninth United States Infantry, which sailed from Manila, has arrived at Teku, China. Secretary Long says that he is preparing to recruit 500 more marines for the China service.

Army Officer Killed by a Fall.

General MacArthur reported the death in Manila of First Lieutenant Horace Webster, Forty-second United States Volunteer Infantry, as the result of a fall from a building.

The Labor World.

The workmen in the Rio Tinto mines, in Spain, have decided to strike.

Laborers in an electrical company at Havana, Cuba, have struck for higher wages.

Ten thousand Alabama coal miners have suspended work pending the settlement of their wage dispute with the operators.

The Newport (Ky.) Rolling Mill Company, employing 500 men, has refused to sign the scale demanded by steel workers, and has shut down indefinitely.

The Mayor of Olean, N. Y., has vetoed a resolution to increase the price paid street laborers.

The striking bricklayers and the contractors at Chicago have signed an arbitration agreement.

By the shutting down of many mills in and around Pittsburg, Penn., for the usual summer repairs and adjustment of wage scales, more than 150,000 men and boys became idle.

All the window glass factories controlled by the American Window Glass Company, having a capacity of over 1000 pots, have been closed. Fully 10,000 window glass workers will be idle for several months.

"FIGHTING PARSON" DEAD.

The Rev. Dwight Galloupe Stricken in His Bathroom.

Won Fame by Discarding Red Cross Badge and Charging Up San Juan Hill, Gun in Hand.

Newark, N. J. (Special).—Rev. Dwight Galloupe, pastor of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, of this city, was found dead in the bathroom of his parsonage at the corner of Market and Grove streets. He was twenty-nine years of age.

The Rev. Mr. Galloupe attained wide fame during the Spanish war when he went to the front as chaplain of the Ninth Regulars, and won the name of "The Fighting Chaplain." He was on the field with the Red Cross men during the battle of San Juan, and seeing the efforts of the Spanish sharpshooters in the tree tops to pick off the Red Cross men, ripped the insignia from his own arm, took the rifle, belt and cartridges of a man who had fallen, and during the rest of the day, including the charge to the top of the hill, fought as a private. Later in the campaign he was injured by a fragment of a shell.

From the time of his injury he was never strong. He returned after the war and resumed his duties here. He had to give up a few months ago and went away for a long trip. He traveled as far south as Brazil. He returned unexpectedly on July 4. His wife had gone to the home of her mother, Mrs. De Bille, at Geneva, N. Y. He had intended to follow her to Geneva.

The young minister had a wedding to perform in the church at eight o'clock in the evening. The wedding party was in the church at that hour. The wedding party waited some time. Then Mr. Sisserson, one of the prominent members of the church who was present, sent to the house where the minister was to have visited and learned he had not been there. The vestry was searched, but there was no trace of him there, and then the rectory was visited. He was found lying upon the floor of the bathroom. He appeared to have dropped dead while in the act of dressing to go out. Dr. Baldwin, who was called, said death had occurred several hours before.

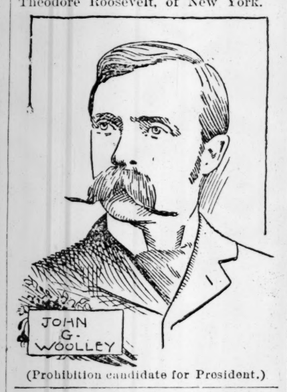
During the excitement which followed the discovery of the young minister's death the wedding party left the church and entered their coaches and drove away. Who they were is not known to any of the church people. The bridegroom was dressed in the uniform of a lieutenant of the regular army, and it is said the bride came from Orange or East Orange.

THE PRESIDENTIAL TICKETS.

There Are Ten in the Field, With a Prospect of More to Follow.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Though the national campaign has hardly opened, there are not less than ten tickets in the field, with a prospect of two or three more before autumn. Here is a list of the parties and their nominees for the great fight of the year:

Republicans—For President, William McKinley, of Ohio; for Vice-President, Theodore Roosevelt, of New York.



JOHN G. WOOLLEY

(Prohibition candidate for President.)

Democrats—For President, William J. Bryan, of Nebraska; for Vice-President, Adal E. Stevenson, of Illinois.

Silver Republicans—For President, William J. Bryan, of Nebraska; for Vice-President, Charles A. Towne, of Minnesota.

Middle-of-the-Road Populists — For President, Wharton Barker, of Pennsylvania; for Vice-President, Ignatus Donnelly, of Minnesota.

Prohibitionists—For President, John G. Woolley, of Illinois; for Vice-President, Henry B. Metcalf, of Rhode Island.

Socialist Labor—For President, Job Harriman, of California; for Vice-President, Max S. Hayes, of Ohio.

Social Democrats—For President, Eugene V. Debbs, of Indiana; for Vice-President, Job Harriman, of California.

De Leon Socialists—For President, Joseph F. Malloney, of Massachusetts; for Vice-President, Valentine Remmile, of Pennsylvania.

United Christian—For President, Dr. S. C. Swallow; for Vice-President, John G. Woolley, of Illinois.

North Dakota Republicans Meet.

The Republicans of North Dakota nominated a full State ticket, headed by F. B. Fancher for Governor. The convention adopted resolutions indorsing the Administration, disapproving trusts and approving the gold standard legislation.

Mexicans Re-Elect President Diaz.

The electoral colleges met in the chief towns and cities all over Mexico and cast their votes for President. A great majority of the votes were cast for General Diaz, insuring his re-election for the term of four years, dating from December 1 next.

Toadstools Kill an Entire Family.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Fink and their seven children died near Calico Rock, Marion County, Ark., from eating toadstools, mistaking them for mushrooms

Newsy Gleanings.

Russia has made a loan of $1,030,000 to Montenegro.

A large cargo of gold has arrived in Seattle, Wash., from Alaska.

A new underground railway in London has been opened.

Kansas has sent twenty carloads of corn to the famine sufferers in India.

The Supreme Court of Illinois has decided that trading in puts and calls is illegal.

The German coal mines near Ichowfu, Shan-Tung, China, have been burned.

Forest fires have done considerable damage in Wisconsin and Minnesota.

The British War Office has bought forty batteries of Krupp field artillery.

Hereafter all letters from Finland to foreign countries must bear Russian stamps.

The general advance of prices in England continues. Gas, coal and wheat are dearer.

The Supreme Court of Indiana has decided that the pumping of natural gas from wells is illegal.

Health Department Inspectors have found many bake shops in Chicago in revolting conditions of uncleanliness.

DARING TRAIN ROBBERY.

Masked Men Plunder an Illinois Central Express Car in Kentucky.

DYNAMITE USED ON THE SAFE.

Six Desperadoes Rob the Train of $10,000—They Shoot Holes in the Express Messenger's Hat Before He Would Surrender — Overpower the Engineer and Fireman — Escape on the Engine.

Chicago (Special).—The Illinois Central fast train from New Orleans to Chicago was held up and robbed of about $10,000 two miles south of Wickliffe, Ky. The train was flagged. The fireman was badly beaten, while the express messenger was driven from his car at the point of a rifle.

The robbers, six in number, cut off the engine and express car and ran a mile and a half to get to Fort Jefferson, near the Ohio River, and within sight of the Missouri shore. There they blew open the express safe, secured all valuables it contained, and crossed into Missouri.

The first intimation that the express messenger had that something was wrong was when he was commanded to open the car. He started to take the contents of the safe and escape by another door, but found the car was surrounded. The men opened fire on him and he replied, but the engine driver and fireman had been stationed by the robbers outside and called to the messenger not to shoot or he would hit them.

The desperadoes then applied dynamite to the car door, and one of the band sprang into the car. They covered the messenger with their revolvers, and also had the baggage man stand with his face to the wall and his hands in the air. The messenger refused to surrender the keys to the safe, and the robbers seized him by the collar. One robber, failing to get the keys from him, pressed his revolver to the messenger's forehead and threatened to kill him. The messenger was forced to yield and gave up the keys.

THIEVES WRECK A FREIGHT TRAIN.

Drive Off the Crew and Rob the Cars—First Case on Record in Mexico.

City of Mexico (Special).—A daring train robbery took place at Santa Eulalia Station, near Chihuahua, on the Mexican Central road. A freight train was sidetracked to let a passenger train pass. The crew was attacked by a dozen bandits and many shots were fired.

Meanwhile the passenger train arrived, and the engineer, taking in the situation, pulled back to Chihuahua with the crew of the freight train. They got a force of police and rurales and returned to the scene of the hold-up. The robbers had broken open several freight cars and carried away the booty. The police and soldiers started in pursuit. One robber was captured and some booty recovered.

This is the first train hold-up on record in Mexico.

ATTEMPT TO WRECK FAST EXPRESS

Switch Was Tampered With — Engine Ditched, No One Hurt.

Philadelphia (Special).—According to officials of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad a deliberate attempt to wreck the Washington express came near being successful at Folsom a short distance outside of this city. The train was going at a good rate of speed when it ran into an open switch at Folsom. The engine was overturned and the three baggage cars were derailed, but no one was injured.

An examination of the switch by the railroad men disclosed the fact that it had been tampered with, for the apparent purpose of wrecking a train. The loss to the express company will be very trifling.

MARTIAL LAW AT CAPE NOME.

General Randall Takes Charge of a City of 16,000 Population.

Washington, D. C. (Special). — The War Department has received the following message from General Randall at Nome City, Alaska.

"At request of Chamber of Commerce have assumed control of affairs in town of Nome until the arrival of the Judge and the establishment of municipal government under recent act of Congress. Estimated this date 16,000 people in the town, and no effective civil organization for protection of life and property."

The Treasury Department has received a telegram from Lieutenant Jarvis, saying there had been twenty cases of smallpox at Cape Nome. The department has ordered 1000 vaccine points sent to Nome, and physicians have already gone there.

SHOT BY HIS LITTLE SON.

Man Was Beating His Wife When the Boy Killed Him.

Honesdale, Penn. (Special).—Oscar Sisco was shot and instantly killed by his twelve-year-old son, Allen, at South Canaan. Sisco was beating his wife and the boy fired in defence of his mother.

The ball from the revolver passed diagonally through the man's head from neck to ear. Sisco was intoxicated at the time. He was a civil war veteran. Mrs. Sisco had him sent to jail for abuse three years ago.

Chicago Claims 2,000,000 Population.

Population of Chicago based on the new directory is estimated at 2,010,000.

Washington's Big Wheat Crop.

State Grain Inspector Wright says the wheat crop of the State of Washington will exceed 30,000,000 bushels the largest ever raised. The harvest is a month earlier than usual. Washington last year raised 21,000,000 bushels of wheat.

Swiss Talk of an Alliance With Us.

There has been talk lately in Switzerland of an alliance with the United States. One paper has even favored joining the American Union as a State

New Revolt in Venezuela.

Minister Loomis, at Caracas, has cabled the State Department, at Washington, confirming the report that another revolution has been inaugurated in Venezuela. From his dispatch it is apparent that he does not regard the revolt as serious.

Camp For Returning Volunteers.

It has been decided to quarter returning volunteers from Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines at Chickamauga, Ga.

A Warning From Cape Nome.

Administration officials are uneasy because of the reports of the conditions at Cape Nome, Alaska. There are about ten thousand persons in the district, many of them without means of returning to the United States, and it is feared that great distress, if not death, will prevail among them during the winter.

Successful Treatment of Lockjaw.

Richard Manion, Jr., a boy twelve years of age, was discharged from the hospital at Hartford, Conn., cured of lockjaw.

OFFICIAL CROP REPORT

Corn Shows Well, Cotton Prospects Blue and Wheat Declines.

The Entire Crop of Wheat Calculated at 510,000,000 Bushels Against 547,000,000 Last Year.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The monthly crop report of the Department of Agriculture shows the condition of the crops on July 1. What advantage has accrued to spring wheat by rains in the Northwest since then is, of course, not included. The report shows:

Corn—Average condition, 89.5, as compared with 86.5 on July 1, 1899, and a ten years' average of 90.7. The area planted increased 1,200,000 acres, or 1.5 per cent, over that harvested last year. The condition in Iowa is 102, in Missouri 101, in Kansas and Nebraska 93, in Illinois 92, and in Indiana 89.

Wheat—Condition of winter wheat 80.8, as against 82.7 on June 1, 65.6 on July 1, 1899, and a ten years' average of 79.8. Condition of spring wheat, 55.2, against 87.3 a month ago and 90.7 on July 1, 1899. The condition in Minnesota has fallen to 48, in South Dakota to 44 and in North Dakota to 39. The condition of spring and winter wheat combined on July 1 was 69.8, against 76.2 on July 1, 1899. The amount of wheat remaining in the hands of farmers on July 1 is estimated at about 51,000,000 bushels.

Oats—Conditior, 85.5, as compared with 91.7 one month ago, and 90 on July 1, 1899.

Barley—Condition, 76.3, as against 86.2 one month ago, and 92 on July 1, 1899.

Rye—Condition of winter rye, 89.6, and of spring, 69.7.

Cotton—Condition, 75.8, against 82.5 a month ago, and 87.8 on July 1, 1899.

IMMENSE CORN CROP SURE.

Figures Point to the Second Largest Yield on Record.

New York City (Special).—Figures of the Government's monthly crop report, as viewed by statistician of the Produce Exchange, show indications of the second largest corn crop on record. The largest crop gathered was in 1896, when the yield was 2,283,875,000 bushels. The indications on July 1 this year were for a yield of 2,240,770,000 bushels.

While the prospect is not for a record breaking wheat crop, the promise is for a harvest of only 37,000,000 bushels less than last year, when the third largest crop on record was thrashed. Winter turned out so well that the promise is for a crop of 510,316,000 bushels, against a harvest last year of 547,303,846 bushels.

Cotton Advancing in Value.

New Orleans, La. (Special).—The South's great staple product is steadily advancing in value in the face of improving crop and weather conditions and notwithstanding the approaching closing down of the Fall River cotton mills.

BATTLE WITH CATTLE THIEVES.

United States Marshal Killed and Three Desperadoes Mortally Wounded.

Glencoe, Okla. (Special).—One United States Marshal was instantly killed and three desperadoes mortally wounded and captured in a fight on the Arkansas River, forty miles east of here.

Cattle thieves have terrorized that locality for some time. A few days ago a farmer was killed while trying to protect his property. The three desperadoes who were captured had stolen a whole herd of cattle from the reservation and were taking them to the railroad to dispose of them when the three Marshals overtook them and the fight began.

Both parties were armed with Winchesters and Colt's pistols and several rounds of ammunition. One of the Marshals was killed at the beginning of the fight and the leader of the thieves was next to fall. The fight continued for nearly an hour when another desperado fell and the remaining one started to run, but a shot brought him down.

THE FALL CURED HIM.

Tiernan, Deaf and Dumb For Years, Has Hearing and Speech Restored.

Pittsburg, Penn. (Special).—Thomas F. Tiernan, who has been deaf and dumb for fifty-nine years, was cured by falling from the roof of a house. None of the members of the family had ever heard him speak. Tiernan climbed to the roof of his house, and, becoming dizzy, fell to the ground, a distance of twenty-five feet, alighting on his shoulders.

He lay unconscious, but when he came to his family were amazed to hear him ask what had happened. He was taken to the Homeopathic Hospital, where the physicians said that the shock of the fall had restored his hearing and speech.

Aged Patient Boiled to Death.

George A. Morse, an aged and absolutely helpless patient in the Agnews Insane Asylum, at San Jose, Cal., was slowly boiled to death in a bath in the men's ward of that institution. He was placed in a bath tub and after the hot water was turned on the attendant left the room for a towel, forgot his patient, and did not return until the imbecile was fatally scalded.

French Parliament Adjourns.

The French Parliament adjourned with shouts of "Long live Socialism! Down with the Ministry!"

Three Lives Lost in a Collision.

The fishing schooner, Mary Storey, of Gloucester, Mass., was run down and sunk in a dense fog, sixty-five miles southeast of Cape Sable, by the three-masted schooner Fred Gower, bound for Pasbebiac, Quebec, with coal for New York City. Three of the crew of the sunken vessel were drowned. The drowned men were Charles Sears and his nephew, Angus Sears, both of Lower Woods Harbor, N. S., and John H. Wagner, of West Berlin, N. S. All were married.

Prominent People.

Theodore Roosevelt belongs to the Dutch Reformed Church.

Former President Harrison has spent a week at Mammoth Hot Springs, Wyo., leaving much benefitted in health.

The Hon. Addison C. Harris, the United States Minister to Austria, has gone to Paris en route to the United States.

There are only two surviving American Vice-Presidents, Levi P. Morton, of New York, and Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois

The King of Saxony is suffering from cancer of the bladder.

General Joe Wheeler is now on duty as Commander of the Department of the Lakes.

Sir Gordon Sprigg, the South African statesman, is a son of an English minister. He has been in the Cape Parliament since 1863.

Sir William Conway, the famous traveler, has sailed from Liverpool en route to the Bolivian Andes for an exploring expedition.

William McKinley was first a candidate for public office in 1869, when he was elected Prosecuting Attorney for Stark County, Ohio.

Mark Twain Awheeling.

Mark Twain seems to have recounted to some one a story about a wheel ride from Hartford to Boston. The trip is one that is made by many cyclers during the summer, but Clemens evidently was unaccustomed to long rides at the time he undertook the journey. The Christian Endeavor World says that the humorist started with his friend, Joseph H. Twichell. Twain had notified a mutual friend at Boston of the proposed ride, and the latter was prepared to receive and entertain them at a certain time. After pedaling twelve or fifteen miles, Twain and Twichell became uncommunicative. They had started early in the morning and the day was an ideal one for riding. The road was good and the scenery fine, but each seemed to be waiting for the other to propose something. The silent pedaling went on until a railway station came into view and Twain suggested that it would be quite a joke to take a train the rest of the way and surprise their waiting host by getting in ahead of time. This seemed to be the suggestion of a joke for which the other was waiting, so the pair took a train to Boston. Their host was surprised. He said:

"You have made fast time, haven't you?"

"O, pretty good for novices," replied Twain.

"What time did you leave Hartford?" asked the host.

"At 7 a. m.," replied Mark, with careful intonation.

"And do you mean to say that you have wheeled all the way here since then?"

Twain answered deliberately and with great calmness: "No, but we wheeled far enough to demonstrate that it could be done."

Marketing in Paris.

One of the chief things you will have to battle with in your French household is the principle of caste, and the next is the sou in the franc. Your cook does your marketing, and for every franc she spends she gets one sou. Human nature being what it is, it is quite unnecessary to add that the good cook loves to go only where she will spend many francs, and her sous will be proportionate. I have never heard of but one woman in Paris who did her own marketing, and she was a penurious but wealthy person, who put on a long ulster and carried things home under it herself. One day, just as she passed a courtly Frenchman of the old school, a leg of mutton dropped and rolled over on the sidewalk. He picked it up and handed it to her, "Madam, here is your fan," was all he said.—Harper's Bazar.

The Paris Ghost Mystery.

The Paris "ghost mystery," in which a whole neighborhood is disturbed nightly by the cries of a child for help, remains as impenetrable as ever.

There is absolutely no doubt as to the reality of the cries. The Chief of Police has listened in the vicinity of the "haunted house," and has heard them himself. The house from which the cries appear to come has, however, been thoroughly searched, with no result.

The police are now inclined to believe that the cries are a practical joke on the part of a very clever ventriloquist. He must be very persevering, though, as the sensation is now several weeks old.—Paris correspondence in New York Times.

Hunting With the Camera.

Ernest Seton-Thompson, the author-artist-lecturer, advocates a new sport, "Hunting with the Camera," which he claims calls for the exercise of all the fine qualities of the old sport, minus the killing. He says, too: "It takes more nerve, grit, courage, all that sort of thing, to photograph game than to end its life. I know old miners in the West, men unlettered and rude, who have hung up their weapons in their cabins and now hunt with the camera."

A Bequest to Francis Joseph.

Among the many bequests which have fallen to the lot of the Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria is a hotel at Brunn, left him by the proprietor several years ago. It was a valuable property. The Emperor accepted the bequest, although he did not employ it for his own benefit, but sold it for an enormous sum, which he gave to a child's hospital.

Why Women Get Along Together.

Women always can get along together, because, if they haven't anything else in common, they can always compare their neighbors.—New York Press.

Admiral Dewey's wife has bought Big Fish Island, not far from Halifax, N. S., and will build a summer residence there.

Silk worms, in Flammarion's experiments, have attained their maximum production in white, red and blue light.

A Maryland Snake Story.

The latest authentic snake story is from North Glenwood farm, near Easton, one of the country places in Talbot County, Md. The other day a big blacksnake was seen emerging from an ice pond. It was killed. A protuberance was noticed about the middle. The snake was chopped in two, and a porcelain turkey nest egg rolled out. Captain Noble Robinson was tenant on the farm last year. Mrs. Robinson raised turkeys, using china nest eggs in their nests. She says that fourteen months ago she missed the nest egg from a nest near the ice pond. She supposed a boy who had the range of the meadow had taken it. When the egg from the snake was shown to Mrs. Robinson she identified it as one she had lost by a certain incised mark upon it. The snake had carried the china egg fourteen months in his vermiform appendix, apparently without having appendicitis. But he must have thought very hard of it, and that it was very singular that it could not be digested.

Remarkable Lung Fishes.

The most famous of the lung fishes is the climbing perch of India, that has often been found several feet up the mangroves. These animals migrate overland when their own streams fail and are captured in great numbers by the natives, to whom they are great delicacies. Ceylon has several species of them. The island is dotted over with bogs of thick, chocolate colored mud, covered by a sod of reeds and grasses, and this mud teems with fish. The Cingalese clear off a space and wait till the fish come up to fill up their air bladder, when they catch them in strong dipnets.

Sir John Bowring says that some lung fishes in Siam go as much as three miles from water, and that they have been seen flapping over a dusty road.

Jell-O, the New Dessert

Pleases all the family. Four flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10 cts.

Russian soldiers are supplied with handkerchiefs at the expense of the Government.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

A tree is always rooted to the spot, and yet it leaves every spring.

Don't drink too much water when cycling. Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti is an excellent substitute.

A telegram may be paid for in advance, but nevertheless it goes on tick.

Conductor E. D. Loomis, Detroit, Mich., says: "The effect of Hall's Catarrh Cure is wonderful." Write him about it. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Even the man with a thin voice may indulge in heavy conversation.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

The undertaker never requires a rehearsal.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

The sulphur mines of Sicily yield over 200,000 tons a year.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists. CONSUMPTION

STUNTED HAIR

Does your hair split at the end? Can you pull out a handful by running your fingers through it? Does it seem dry and lifeless?

Give your hair a chance. Feed it. The roots are not dead; they are weak because they are starved—that's all.

The best hair food is—

Ayer's Hair Vigor

If you don't want your hair to die use Ayer's Hair Vigor once a day. It makes the hair grow, stops falling, and cures dandruff.

It always restores color to gray or faded hair; it never fails.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

"One bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor stopped my hair from falling out, and started it to grow again nicely."
JULIUS WITTE.
March 28, 1899. Canova, S. Dak.

"Ayer's Hair Vigor completely cured me from dandruff, with which I was greatly afflicted. The growth of my hair since its use has been something wonderful."
LENA G. GREENE.
April 13, 1899. New York, N.Y.

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expected from the use of the Hair Vigor, write the Doctor about it.
DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

Worms IN CHILDREN ARE veritable demons, and must be quickly removed or serious results may follow. The medicine which for the past 60 years has held the record for successfully ridding children of these pests is **Frey's Vermifuge**—made entirely from vegetable products, containing no calomel. 25 cts. at druggists, country stores or by mail, postpaid. E. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

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No Fits after first day's use. Consultation, personal or by mail, treatise and $2 TRIAL BOTTLE FREE to Fit patients who pay expressage only on delivery. Permanent Cure, not only temporary relief, for all Nervous Disorders. Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance, Debility, Exhaustion. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ld. 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Founded 1871.

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Every spring you clean the house you live in, to get rid of the dust and dirt which collected in the winter. Your body, the house your soul lives in, also becomes filled up during the winter with all manner of filth, which should have been removed from day to day, but was not. Your body needs cleaning inside. If your bowels, your liver, your kidneys are full of putrid filth, and you don't clean them out in the spring, you'll be in bad odor with yourself and everybody else all summer.

DON'T USE A HOSE to clean your body inside, but sweet, fragrant, mild but positive and forceful *CASCARETS*, that work while you sleep, prepare all the filth collected in your body for removal, and drive it off softly, gently, but none the less surely, leaving your blood pure and nourishing, your stomach and bowels clean and lively, and your liver and kidneys healthy and active. Try a 10-cent box today, and if not satisfied get your money back—but you'll see how the cleaning of your body is

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